Connecting via Winsock to STN

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Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x
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LOGINID: SSSPTA1626KAS

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

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NEWS
                Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS
NEWS 3
                CA/CAPLUS - Russian Agency for Patents and Trademarks
        FEB 25
                 (ROSPATENT) added to list of core patent offices covered
NEWS
        FEB 28
                PATDPAFULL - New display fields provide for legal status
                data from INPADOC
NEWS 5
        FEB 28
                BABS - Current-awareness alerts (SDIs) available
NEWS
        FEB 28
                MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reloaded
NEWS
     7 MAR 02 GBFULL: New full-text patent database on STN
NEWS 8 MAR 03 .REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY - Sequence annotations enhanced
NEWS 9 MAR 03 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS 10 MAR 22 KOREAPAT now updated monthly; patent information enhanced
NEWS 11 MAR 22 Original IDE display format returns to REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY
NEWS 12 MAR 22 PATDPASPC - New patent database available
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NEWS · 13 MAR 22 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with experimental property tags
NEWS EXPRESS JANUARY 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01a, CURRENT

MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 10 JANUARY 2005

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NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
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NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 21:48:09 ON 03 APR 2005

=> file reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 21:48:18 ON 03 APR 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 APR 2005 HIGHEST RN 847818-85-3 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 APR 2005 HIGHEST RN 847818-85-3

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10723208.str

chain nodes :
11 12 13 16 18
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
chain bonds :
7-16 8-11 11-12 11-18 12-13
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-7 6-10 7-8 8-9 9-1
exact/norm bonds :
7-16 11-18 12-13
exact bonds :
8-11 11-12

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-7 6-10 7-8 8-9 9-10

G1:H,O

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 16:CLASS 18:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

1.1 STR

G1 H, O

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 21:48:41 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 336 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 336 ITERATIONS 6 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 5621 TO 7819

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 6 TO 266

L26 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 21:48:48 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 7444 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 7444 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

108 ANSWERS

L3 108 SEA SSS FUL L1

Page 3 saeed => file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 161.33 161.54

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 21:48:54 ON 03 APR 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 3 Apr 2005 VOL 142 ISS 15 FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 Apr 2005 (20050401/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13 L4 55 L3

=> d ibib abs hitstr tot

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:769030 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1414:410637
TITLE: ASVENDET (C. 2004) 141:410887
Asymmetric synthesis of (R)-(+)-6-(1,4-dimethoxy-3methyl-2-naphthyl)-6-(4-hydroxyphenyl)hexanoic acid as a key intermediate for a neurodegenerative disease

a key intermediate for a neurodegenerative disease agent
Ikemoto, Tomomi: Nagata, Toshiaki: Yamano, Hitsuhisa: Ito, Tatsuya: Hizuno, Pukio: Tominatsu, Kiminori
Chemical Development Laboratories, Takeda Chemical
Industries, Ltd., Yodogawa-ku, Osaka, 532-6886, Japan
Tetrahedron Letters (2004), 45(41), 7757-7760
CODEN: TELEAY: ISSN: 0040-4039
Elsevier B.V.
Journal AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLI SHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI English

ı

An asym. synthesis of (R)-(+)-6-(1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthyl)-6-(4-hydroxyphenyl)hexanoic acid (I) as a key intermediate for a neurodegenerative disease agent has been developed. A key reaction was an asym. hydrogenation of hindered acrylic acid II, catalyzed by the Rh-JOSIPHOS system in the presence of a base, to afford a chiral acid with very good enantioselectivity.
791096-78-19

791596-78-19
RL: RCT (Reactant) SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation), RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(stereoselective preparation of naphthyl(hydroxyphenyl)hexanoic acid via recrystn of chiral naphthyl(methoxymethyloxyphenyl)propanoic acid with brucine followed by reduction, olefination, hydrogenation, and deprotaction)
791096-78-1 CAPLUS
2-Naphthalenepropanamide, N,1,4-trimethoxy-β-[4-(methoxymethoxy)phenyl]-N,3-dimethyl-, (βR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

11

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
11TLE:
2004:467872 CAPLUS
111VENTOR(S):
1NVENTOR(S):
Conde-Frieboes, Kilian Waldemary Ankersen, Michaels
Sensfuss, Ulrich, Wulff, Birgitte Schjellerup,
Thogersen, Henning; Lustenberger, Philipp; Rudolf,
Klaus; Krist, Bernd; Mueller, Stephan, Stenkamp, Dirk;
Schindler, Harcus; Wielend, Heiker Arndt, Kirsten
Novo Nordisk AVS, Den.; Beohringer Ingelheim
International G.m.b.H.
PCT Int. Appl., 196 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

11

AB The invention relates to piperazinediones I [R1 = H or alk(en) (yn) yl; R2 = Page 5

saeed

ANSWER 1 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

REFERENCE COUNT:

22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
-(CH2)1-5-A, where A is an amino or guanidinyl group; R3 is -(CH2)0-2-E, where E is (unjsubstituted cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl or heteroaryl; R4 = -(CH2)0-2 (CH3)10-2-G2, where G is (unjsubstituted alkyl, alkosy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkosy, aryl or heteroaryl and G2 is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl or heteroaryl and G2 is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl or heteroaryl as well as any optical or geometric isomer or tautomer forms or pharmaceutically-acceptable salts for use as agonists of melanocortin receptors in the treatment of obesity. Thus, compd. II was prepd. and assayed for effect on food intake in rats (results shown graphically).
702691-47-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

702691-47-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(Reactant or reagent)
(Reparation of piperazinedione derivs. for treating obesity)
702691-47-2 CAPLUS
L-Alanine, N2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylmethyl)-N6-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-lysyl-3-(1-methoxy-2-naphthelenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:27631 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:190610 TITLE: 0SAB of backets 139:190510
GSAR of benzene derivatives: comparison of classical
descriptors, quantum theoretic parameters and flip
regression, exemplified by phenylalkylamine
hallucinogens

AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

hellucinogens Clare, Brian V. Department of Chemistry, The University of Western Australia, Crawley, 6009, Australia Journal of Computer-Aided Molecular Design (2002), 16(8/9), 611-633 CODEN: JCADEQ, 15SN: 0920-654X Kluwer Academic Publishers SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB A phys. m

Aluwer Academic Publishers

GUMGNI TYPE: Journal

GUMGNI English

A phys. model of electronic effects in the QSAR of benzene derivs.,

together with a regression technique for finding predictive equations, is
presented. The model is simple, based on the quantum theoretic
description of the benzene mol., and accounts for the variance in activity
of hallucinogenic phenylelkylanines as well as a classical description in
terms of electronic (atomic charge, orbital energy), hydrophobic (Hansch
s) and steric (substituent volume) terms. The new model involves the
energies of four x-like near frontier orbitals and the orientations of
their nodes. It is less affected by colinearity than the classical
approach. This model more than any other illustrates the essential wave
mech, nature of the interaction of a drug with its receptor, as the
x-like orbitals involved are standing waves of probability of finding
an electron in a given location in the field of the atomic nuclei, and have
no classical counterpert.
207740-21-4

RL PAC (Pharmacological activities as a second or IT

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity), PRP (Properties), BIOL (Biological study)

study)
(QSAR of benzene derivs. and comparison of classical descriptors,
quantum theoretic parameters and flip regression, exemplified by
phenylalkylamine hallucinogens)
207740-21-4 CAZLUS
2-Naphthaleneethanamine, 1,4-dimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) derivs., are disclosed. Also disclosed are methods for the lowering and controlling of normal or elevated intraocular pressure, as well as a method for the treatment of glaucoma, using compns. contg. one or more of the invention compds. In particular, compds. I are claimed (wherein Ri, R2. R3 are independently chosen from H or an alkyl group: R4 is H or ORI; R5 is OKONRIR2, OCORI, or OR7; R6 is H, OR7, CORNIR2, CH2OR7, COZRIR2 (sic), NRIR2, with the proviso that both R5 and R6 are not H; X is at least one fused aryl group; A is chosen from H, an alkyl group, C(0)OR7, OR7, CR7, C(0)NRIR2, SCINNIR2, Jalogan, or C73; and R7 is H, (un)substituted alkyl group, C1-3 CORRIR2, C1-3 NRIR2, CO2H, or CO2(C1-3-alkyl1). Twelve synthetic examples are given. For instance, 1,4-dimethoxynaphthalene underwent a sequence of (1) formylation in the 2-position using HoCCHC12 and SAC14; (2) condensation of the sepultan aldehyde with EtNO2 to give the corresponding 1-aryl-2-nitropropene; and (3) complete redn. of the unsatd. nitro function using ILAHH4, to give title compd. II, isolated as the HCl salt. This salt bound to rat cortical 5-HTZ receptors in vitro with an IC50 of 0.73 mM, vs. 0.941 mM for 5-HT itself. II.HCl also acted as a 5-HTZ agonist in a phosphoinositide turnover assay, with an EC50 of 239 nM and an efficacy (Emrapartion); RACT (Hesthoxynaphthalen-2-yl)-1-methylethylmnine hydrochloride
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); RTU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RTU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RTC (Reactant or respent); USES (Uses) (drug candidate, preparation of novel naphthylaminopropane analogs with 5-HTZ receptor activity for use in the treatment of glaucoma) 477904-65-7 CAPLUS

2-Naphthaleneethanamine, 1-methoxy-α-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEK NAME)

• HC1

477904-62-4P, 2-(1,4-Dimethoxynaphthalen-2-yl)-1-methylethylemine hydrochloride 477904-63-5P, 2-Amino-1-(1,4-dimethoxynaphthalen-2-yl)propan-1-ol hydrochloride 477904-64-6P, (15,2R)-2-Amino-1-(1,4-dimethoxynaphthalen-2-yl)propan-1-ol hydrochloride 477904-66-6P, 2-(4-Bromo-1-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl)-1-methylethylemine hydrochloride 477904-68-0P, 2-(1-Hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-1-methylethylemine hydrochloride 477904-73-7P, (15,2R)-2-Amino-1-(1,4-dimethoxynaphthalen-2-yl)-1-methylethylemine hydrochloride 477904-78-7P, (15,2R)-2-Amino-1-(1,4-dimethoxynaphthalen-2-yl)-1-methylemine hydrochloride 477904-78-7P, (15,2R)-1-methylemine hydrochloride 477904-78-7P, (15,2R)-1-methylemine hydrochloride 477904-Yl)propan-1-ol
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity), SPN (Synthetic preparation), THU
(Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), PREP (Preparation), USES

(drug candidate, preparation of novel naphthylaminopropane analogs with 5-HT2 receptor activity for use in the treatment of glaucoma)

RN 477904-62-4 CAPLUS

Page 6 saeed L4 ANSWER 4 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:946090 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:24554
TITLE: Novel and access

139:2455 aminopropane analogs, particularly naphthylaminopropane derivatives, with 5-HT2 receptor activity, and their use for lowering intraocular pressure in the treatment of glaucoma Hellberg, Mark R., Namil, Abdelmoula Alcon, Inc., Switz. PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp. COREN: PIXXD2
Patent

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

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New arylaminopropane analogs, and particularly naphthylaminopropane

ANSWER 4 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continue 2-Naphthaleneethanamine, 1,4-dimethoxy-q-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (Continued)

HC1

477904-63-5 CAPLUS 2-Naphthalenemethanol, α -(1-aminoethyl)-1,4-dimethoxy-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

477904-64-6 CAPLUS
2-Naphthelenemethsnol, α-[(1R)-1-aminoethyl]-1,4-dimethoxy-, hydrochloride, (α5)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

477904-66-8 CAPLUS

ANSWER 4 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 2-Naphthaleneethanamine, 4-bromo-1-methoxy-a-methyl-, hydrochloride (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

477904-68-0 CAPLUS
1-Naphthalenol, 2-(2-aminopropyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HC1

477904-73-7 CAPLUS 2-Naphthalenemethanol, α -[(1R)-1-aminoethyl]-1,4-dimethoxy-, (αS) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) LiOH in aq. THF and workup.

400525-58-3P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity), SPN (Synthetic preparation), THU
(Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), PREP (Preparation), USES
(Uses)

(preparation of D-glutamic acid derivs. as inhibitors of glutamate racemase)
RN 400625-58-3 CAPLUS
CN D-Glutanic acid, 4-[(1-methoxy-2-naphthaleny1)methy1]-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
111LE:
1NVENTOR(S):

Preparation of D-glutanic acid derivatives as inhibitors of glutanate racemase
De Dios, Alfonsos Exquerac-Carrera, Jesus; McGee,
James Bugene; Martin, Jose Alfredo; Prieto, Lourdes;
Rubio-Esteban, Almudena; Smith, Michele Ceceil; Tebbe,
Mark Joseph
Agr Joseph
SOURCE:
COEN: PIXCO2
DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent English 1

PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:200471

Compds. I [X is a bond, O, S, SO or SO2; R1 = (C1-10)alkyl, (C2-10)alkenyl or -alkynyl, (C4-10)alkadienyl, carboxamido- or aminocarbonyl(C1-8)alkyl which may be substituted by (C3-10)cycloalkyl or by one or two (un)substituted arcmatic groups, provided that when X represents a bond, R1 can not represent a 3-phenyl-2-propenyl,3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-propenyl,4-fluorobenzyl or 1-naphthylmethyl group) or their esters, amides or salts were prepared as inhibitors of glutamate racemase for use as antibiotics. Thus, (2R, 4S)-2-amino-4-(2-naphthylmethylpentanedicic acid was prepared by alkylation of D-Et N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)pyroglutamate with 2-naphthylmethyl bromide, followed by ring cleavage/deprotection using

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
133:321687
171ILE:
AUTHOR(S):
2000:564538 CAPLUS
133:221687
133:221687
A Versatile synthesis of the 1,4dihydroxynaphthoquinone nucleus
Menegazzo, I.; Sandona, G.; Moro, S.; Sheeba, V.;
Zagotto, G.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Dipartimento di Scienze Farmaceutiche, Universita di
Padova, Padua, 35131, Italy
Tetrahedron Letters (2000), 41(34), 6631-6634
CODEN: TELERY; ISSN: 0040-4039
PUBLISHER:
Elsevier Science Ltd.
Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal English CASREACT 133:321687 OTHER SOURCE(5):

The electrochem. oxidation of methoxynaphthalenes, e.g., I, to afford the corresponding 5,8-dihydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinones, e.g. II, has been examined This method constitutes a new alternative and efficient route for the synthesis of the 5,8-dihydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone nucleus. 302942-30-9

#02942-30-9

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(cyclic voltammetry and electrochem. oxidation-deprotection of
methoxynaphthelenss in preparation of dihydroxynaphthoquinones)
302942-30-9 CAPUS
2-Naphthalenemethanol, 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-α-(nitromethyl)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1398:735923 CAPLUS
130:77422
130:77422
Phototransformation of napropamide
[N,N-diethyl-2-(1-naphthyloxy)proptonamide] in aqueous
solution: influence on the toxicity of solutions
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
Lab. Photochimie Moleculaire at Macromoleculaire,
Universite Blaise Pascal-CNRS, Aubiere, P-63177, Pr.
Pesticide Socience (1998), 54(3), 253-257
COMEN: PSSCRG; ISSN: 0031-613X
John Viley & Sons Ltd.
Journal

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

The main photoproducts formed in an aqueous solution of napropamide

LANGUAGE:

AB The main photoproducts formed in an aqueous solution of napropamide irradiated in

UV light are N,N-diethyl-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)propionamide,

N,N-diethyl-2-(4-hydroxynaphthalen-1-yl)propionamide and 1-naphthol. These account for c.604, 154 and 104 of napropamide converted resp. No influence of the irradiation wavelength or of oxygen was observed The same products were obtained by irradiation of methanolic solns. The three identified products result from the cleavage of naphthoxy-carbon bond. The first two products imply a photo-Fries rearrangement. The influence of irradiation on the toxicity of the solns. was studied by the Microtoxe test. The significant increase observed may be attributed partly to the formation of 1-naphthol.

II 131933-41-0

RL: AUV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PMU (Formation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (napropamide photoproduct in aqueous solution)

RN 131933-41-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetamide, N,N-diethyl-1-bydroxy-α-methyl- (9CI) (CA

2-Naphthaleneacetamide, N,N-diethyl-1-hydroxy-α-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 55

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1998:207521 CAPLUS

129:12305

Three-dimensional quantitative structure-activity relationships of hallucinogenic pheaylelkanamine and tryptamine derivatives. Studies using comparative molecular field analysis (COMFA)

Bewerle, Gereld, Kovar, Karl Artur, Schulze-Alexandru, Mesike

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

D-72076, Germany
Quantitative Structure-Activity, Tuebingen, D-72076, Germany
Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationships (1997), 16(6), 447-458

CODEN, GARDI, ISSN. 0931-8771

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

JOURNAL

AB Investigations of the quant. structure - activity relationships of a data set comprising 66 phenylalkanamines have been carried out using the COMFA method. This yielded a cross-validated correlation coefficient on

more than 0.8. The target parameter used was the hallucinogenic effect on humans, since this variable is of particular importance for research into addictive substances. It was possible to confirm the reliability of the COMFA anal. by using a second, independent phenylalkananine data set. It was found that models with good predictive properties are obtained if up to ten components are taken into account. In a further step it was possible to include hallucinogenic tryptamine derivs. in a common gear anal. with the phenylalkanamines and this in spite of their differing basic structures. The final model from that the COMFA plots were extracted

based on 148 compds. and permits precise inferences to be made concerning the relationships between structural elements and hallucinogenic effects. 207740-21-4
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (QSAR of hallucinogenic phenylalkanamine and tryptamic derivs. using comparative mol. field anal.)
207740-21-4 CAPLUS
2-Naphthalenesthanamine, 1,4-dimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1998:561957 CAPLUS
129:29736
TITLE:
The Frontier Orbital Phase Angles: Novel QSAR
Descriptors for Benzene Derivatives, Applied to
Phenylalkylamine Hallucinogens
Clere, Brian V.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Division of Science, Murdoch University, Murdoch,
6150, Australia
Journal of Hedicinal Chemistry (1998), 41(20),
3845-3856
CODEN: JMCMAR: ISSN: 0022-2623
American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE:
Journal
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Society
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Society
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Society
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Society
Type:
Journal
American Chemical Society
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Society
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Society
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Society
Language
American Chemical Society
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Chemistry (1998), 41(20),
3845-3856
CODEN; Murdoch University, Murdoch,
6150, Australia
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Chemistry (1998), 41(20),
3845-3856
CODEN; Murdoch University, Murdoch
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Chemistry (1998), 41(20),
3845-3856
CODEN; Murdoch University, Murdoch
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Chemistry (1998), 41(20),
3845-3856
CODEN; Murdoch University, Murdoch
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Chemistry (1998), 41(20),
3845-3856
CODEN; Murdoch University, Murdoch
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical Chemistry (1998), 41(20),
3845-3856
CODEN; Murdoch University, Murdoch
LANGUAGE:
American Chemical C

REFERENCE COUNT:

41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:522248 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:234225 ITILE: Anionic baseless.

127:234225
Anionic homologous Fries rearrangement of
O-(2-methylaryl) carbamates. A regiospecific route to
benzo[b] furan-2(3H)-ones including an unnamed
metabolite from Helenium species
Kalinin, A. V., Hiah, H. A. J., Chettopadhyay, S.;
Tsukazaki, H., Vicki, H., Nguen, T.; Coelho, A. L.;
Kerr, H., Snieckus, V.
Guelph-Waterloo Center Graduate Work Chemistry,
University Waterloo, Waterloo, ON, N2L 3Gl, Can.
Synlett (1997), (7), 839-841
CODEN: SYNLES; ISSN: 0936-5214
Thiese

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): Thiem

ASHERN Thisme
MENT TYPE: Journal
UNAGE: English
RS SOURCE(s): CASREACT 127:234225

A new LDA-mediated O + C carbamoyl migration provides a general and
efficient route to sryl acetamides as precursors to benzo- and
naphthofuranones, one of which serves as a starting material for a short
synthesis of naturally-occurring 3-hydroxy-3-methylene-6-methyl-2(3H)benzofuranone isolated from several Helenium species.
195210-82-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant), SFN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation), RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of benzofuranones by anionic homologous Fries rearrangement

O-(methylaryl)carbamates.) 1920-82-3 CaPUS 2-Naphthale-macetamide, N.N-diethyl-1-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1995:648033 CAPLUS
1717LE:
1717L

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PAIENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	
EP 637583	A1	19950208	EP 1994-500111	19940623
KP 637583	B1	19961218		
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE. DK.	FR. GB.	GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC,	NL. PT. SE
			ES 1993-1721	
ES 2065291	B1	19951001		
AT 146453	B	19970115	AT 1994-500111	19940623
US 5502237	Α	19960326	US 1994-265960	19940627
NO 9402568	Ä	19950131	NO 1994-2568	19940707
NO 179746	В	19960902		
NO 179746	Ċ	19961211		
AU 9467437	A1	19950209	AU 1994-67437	19940714
AU 666626				
			CA 1994-2128671	19940722
ZA 9405435				
PL 175707	B1		PL 1994-304406	
JP 07089910				
JP 2777572				
HU 71813				19940729
HU 214827		19980629		
US 5639904		19970617	US 1995-514267	19950811
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			ES 1993-1721 A	19930730
			US 1994-265960 A	
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MADDAT	123-92050		1 1334002.
GI				

$$\mathsf{No_2OCH_2CH_2OCH_2} \longrightarrow \mathsf{OCH_2CH} \ (\mathsf{OH}) \ \mathsf{CH_2NHCHMe}_2$$

Title compds. R1ArOCH2CH(OH) CH2NHCHMe2 (R1 = R2Z(CH2)m where m = 1,2, Z = 0, CONH, CO2-ester function, R2 = C2-3 straight or branched chain alkyl having at least one nitroxy group as substituent, Ar = benzene ring when Z is O or ester function, and a naphthalene ring when Z is CONN) are prepared 4-[(2-Nitroxyethoxy)methyl]phenol in EtOH and NaOH was added to epichlorohydrin to give 2,3-epoxy-1-[-4-(2-nitroxyethoxy)methyl]phenoxypro

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ANSWER 11 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
pane which was mixed with Me2CHRE2 to give the title compd. I. Coronary
vasodilator and B1-adrenergic blocking activities were demonstrated.
Pharmaceutical formulations comprising the title compds. are given.
164340-23-48
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse): BSU (Biological
study, unclassified): SPN (Synthetic preparation): TRU (Therapeutic use):
BIOL (Biological study): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses)
(preparation of (aryloxy) (alkylamino) propanol nitrate esters as
cardiovascular agents)
164340-33-4 CAPLUS
2-Naphthalenescetamide, 1-[2-hydroxy-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]propoxy]-N-[2(nitrooxy)ethyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ΙT

164340-45-8
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of (aryloxy) (alkylamino) propanol nitrate esters as
cardiovascular agents)
164340-45-8 CAPLUS

106340-65-8 CAPLUS 2-Naphthaleneacetamide, 1-hydroxy-N-[2-(nitrooxy)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 164340-40-3P

leasa-0-40-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of (aryloxy) (alkylamino) propanol nitrate esters as
 cardiovascular agents)
164340-40-3 CAPIUS
2-Naphthalaeacetamide, N-[2-(nitrooxy)ethyl]-1-(oxiranylmethoxy)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1171LE:

Patent English 2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	NT NO.					DATE	:		APPI	LICAT	ION	NO.			DATE	

wo 9	415906			A1		1994	0721		WO 1	1994-	US42	0			19940	118
	W: AT,	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY.	CA.	CH.	CN.	. cz.	DE.	DK.	ES.	FI	, GB,	GE.
															PL.	
				SE,						,	,	,	,		,	,
	RW: AT,									10	17	7.11	WC	NIT	DT	CP
										MR,					, F1,	эь,
		ъ,	CF,													
	153777			AA		1994	0721		CA I	1994-	2153	777			19940	118
AU 9	461229			A1		1994	0815		AU 1	1994-	6122	9			19940	119
AT 1	79164			E		1999	0515		AT 1	1994~	9071	99			19940	119
ES 2	132383			Т3		1999	0816		ES 1	1994-	9071	99			19940	118
US 5	714518			À		1998	0203		US 1	994-	3253	90			19941	
PRIORITY	APPIN.	INFO	. ,							993-					19930	
********			• •							1993-					19930	
									US 1	1993-	9937	5		A '	19930	730
								,	WO 1	994-	US42	0	1		19940	118
OTHER SOU	RCE(S):			MARI	TA	122:	80891	3								

Title compds. I (in claims as VI; c=0-2; A'=5-7-membered aromatic, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl each of which can be substituted; R17 = H, halo, H0, (substituted) alkoxy, H5, thioether, OZM, alkyl, aryl, (substituted) amino, etc. R22 = (substituted) amino, etc. R22 = (substituted) amino (substituted) amino, Q wherein B'=5-7-membered aromatic, carbocyclyl,

ANSWER 12 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) heterocyclyl each of which can be substituted, d = 0-2, R18 = H, halo, HO, HS, etc., R21 = HZN, OZN, R3'R4'RC12 wherein Z = O, S, R3', R4' = H, alkyl, cycloslkyl, aryl, etc., block the biol. activity of the HIV protesse enzyme, causing the replication of the HIV virus to terminate, are prepd. I are thus suitable for the treatment of the HIV virus known to cause AIDS. To Rt3N and N-tert-butyl-N-(hydroxyethyl) (diphenyl-tert-butylsiyl) amine was added naphthoyl chloride to give a product which was converted in 5 steps to the title compd. II. I and II were screened by a variety of assays to det. their biol. utility.

160301-17-79

RL: RCT (Reactant): SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREF (Preparation); RACT

160301-17-78
RI: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reaction of, in preparation of HIV protease inhibitors)
160301-17-7 CAPUS
Benzoic acid, 2-[(2-hydroxy-3-[1-![(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)oxy]-2naphthalenyl)propyl)anino)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 13 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

Novel 1-alky1-, 1-alkeny1-, and 1-alkynylary1-2-amino-1,3-propanediols of the formula RCH(OR1)CH(NR2R3)R4 or RCH2CR35(NR2R3)R4 wherein R is, e.g., I wherein RS is, e.g., Me(CH2)mCt,Ctplbond.C, Me(CH2)mCHCGH, Me(CH2)mCH2CH2, WCGM4CH2(CH2)nct;plbond.C, wherein m is 3 to 15, n is 0 to 12, and W and X are independently Mydrogen, Mydroxy, alky1, alkoxy, halogen, or trifluoromethy1, etc.; R1, R2, R3, R4, R35 are as defined in the specification, the optical isomers thereof, or the Pahamaceutically acceptable salts thereof, intermediates and processes for the preparation thereof, and methods of reducing inflammation and cell proliferation, and relieving memory dysfunction, and inhibiting bacterial and fungal growth are disclosed. Scopolamine-induced memory deficit reversal in mice: 27 and 33 at dose of 3.0 mg/kg, s.c.; antiinflammatory activity as 4 decrease in ear pluy weight at 10 mg/ear in mice: 24-66%; antineoplastic activity as demonstrated in protein kinase C assay: protein kinase inhibitory activity 1050(mW) 6.7-48; antibacterial activity (MIC, mg/L): 1.56-12.50; antifungal activity (MIC, mg/L): 0.970-125.000. Pharmaceutical formulations were given.

167366-00-99 167366-03-29

RI: RCT (Reactant): STN (Synthetic preparation); PREF (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(1-alky1-, 1-alkeny1-, and 1-alkynylary1-2-amino-1,3-propanediols and related compds. as anti-inflammatory agents)

167366-00-9 CAPLUS

Carbamic acid, diethy1-, 2-(2-amino-1,3-dihydroxypropy1)-7-(1-decyny1)-1-naphthalenyl ester, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

167366-03-2 CAPLUS 2-Naphthalenepropanol, β -amino-7-{1-decynyl}-1-hydroxy- γ -methoxy-, (RR, γ S)-rel-, (22)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 167366-02-1 CMF C24 H33 N 03

Page 10

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L4 ANSWER 13 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:229454 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:198625
1-alkyl, 1-alkenyl-, and 1-alkynylaryl-2-amino-1,3-propanediols and related compounds as anti-inflamatory agents
INVENTOR(5): Tegeler, John J.; Rauckman, Barbara S.; Hamer, Russell R. L.; Freed, Brian S.; Herriman, Gregory H.
BOCUMENT ASSIGNEE(S): U.S., 70 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 840,236, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXXXM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English 2

PANILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5360811	λ	19941101	US 1992-942908	19920910
IL 112775	A1	19951127	IL 1991-112775	1991031
2A 9101805	Ä	19920226	ZA 1991-1805	1991031
PL 167266	B1	19950831	PL 1991-289390	1991031
PL 167570	B1	19950930	PL 1991-304111	1991031
RU 2024493	C1	19941215	RU 1991-4894900	1991031
RU 2074191	či	19970227	RU 1992-5052218	1992072
US 5488063	λ.	19960130	US 1994-247368	1994052
US 5488061	Â	19960130	US 1994-247739	1994052
US 5519062	Â	19960521	US 1994-247364	1994052
US 5550247	Â	19960827	US 1995-425544	1995042
US 5557006	â	19960917	US 1995-425529	1995042
US 5565584	Â	19961015	US 1995-425531	1995042
US 5534636	Â	19960709	US 1995-426452	1995042
US 5534640	Â	19960709	US 1995-426755	1995042
US 5571923	Â	19961105	US 1995-426350	1995042
US 5574164	Â	19961112	US 1995-426317	1995042
US 5597838	Ä	19970128	US 1995-426759	1995042
US 5614631	Ä	19970325	US 1995-426453	1995042
US 5977147	Ä	19991102	US 1996-639302	1996042
US 6500849	B1	20021231	US 1999-237689	1999012
RIGRITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1990-492200	B2 1990031
			US 1990-596448	B2 1990101
			US 1990-632910	B1 1990122
			US 1992-840236	B2 1992022
			IL 1991-97510	A3 1991031
			US 1992-942908	A3 1992091
			US 1995-426759	A3 1995042
			US 1996-639302	A3 1996042

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:198625

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.

2 CM.

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

167366-01-0P 167366-02-1P

167366-01-09 167366-02-19
REL SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(1-alkyl-, 1-alkenyl-, and 1-alkynylaryl-2-amino-1,3-propanediols and related compds. as anti-inflammatory agents)
167366-01-0 CAPLUS
Carbamic acid, diethyl-, 2-(2-amino-1,3-dihydroxypropyl)-7-(1-decynyl)-1-aphthalenyl ester, (S-(R*,R*))- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

167366-02-1 CAPLUS
2-Naphthalenepropanol, β-amino-7-(1-decyny1)-1-hydroxy-γ-methoxy-, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1171LE:
1171LE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

VO 9415508 A1 19940721 W0 1994-US419 19940118

VI AY, AU, BB, BG, BB, BY, CA, CH, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LY, MG, MN, MV, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, NC, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, US, UZ, VM

RV: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, FT, SE, EF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, CM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2153777 AA 19940815 AU 1994-2153777 19940118

EP 695184 A1 19940815 AU 1994-60871 19940118

EP 695184 B1 19990421

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, FT, SE AT 179164 E 19990515 AT 1994-907199 19940118

ES 2132383 T3 19990816 ES 1994-907199 19940118

US 5863950 A 19990126 US 1994-907199 19940118

US 5863950 A 19990126 US 1994-925340 19941027

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO::

US 1993-42261 A 19930150

US 1993-42261 A 19930170

VO 1994-US419 V 19930118 PATENT NO. A2 19930115 A 19930402 A 19930730 W 19940118

MARPAT 121:255414

WO 1994-US419

(Continued) L4 ANSWER 14 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

R14R15R16Z W2R3R4 (CR5R6) nUR9R10 (YR7R8) m R1R2w1 XR11R12R13

AB Title compds. [I; A, B = (substituted) carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl, (fused) polycyclyl; n, m = 0-6; X, Y, Z, WI, WZ = N, O, C, S, Se; U = C, B, Se, S, P; RI-R4 = null, H, alkyl, aryl; ≥ 1 of R1, R2 can form a ring with W1; ≥ 1 of R3, R4 can form a ring with W1; ≥ 1 of R3, R4 can form a ring with W2; R5-R8 = null, H, halo, OH, (substituted) alkoxy, aryloxy, N, alkyl, aryl; 10; R11-R16 = null, H, halo, OH, (substituted) alkoxy, aryloxy, N, alkyl, aryl; 21 of R1-R16 = null, H, halo, OH, (substituted) alkoxy, aryloxy, N, alkyl, aryl; 21 of R11-R13 can form a ring with X; ≥ 1 of R14-R16 can form a ring with Z; with provisos), were prepared Thus, 2-MecGHACCOL was coupled with Me3CNNCH2CH205iPh2CMe3 in CH2Cl2 at 0°-room temperature to give 32% 2-MecGHACONCH3CH2CH2OSiPh2CMe3. This in THF containing disopropylamine at -78° was treated with sec-Buli and then ethylene oxide at -78° room temperature to give 2-(MOCHZCH2)CGHACONCH3CH2CH2OSiPh2CMe3. This vas oxidized to the acid with pyridinium dichromate in DMF (32%) and the acid was andated with RNNeONs.RCI using 610° and Huniq's base to give 59% 2-[Me(MeO)NCCH2]CGHACONCH2CH2OSiPh2CMe3. The latter was coupled with 2-MeCGHACONCH3CH2CONCH3CH2CH2OSiPh2CMe3. The latter was coupled with 2-MeCGHACONCH3CH2CONCH3CH2CH2OSiPh2CMe3. The latter was coupled with 2-MeCGHACONCH3CH2CH2OSIPh2CMe3. The latter was coupled with 2-MeCGHACONCH3CH2CH2CM1 wising disopropylamine/sec-Buli as above to give, after NaEH4 reduction and desilylation, title compound II. II

Dited HIV-1 protease with IC50 = 1.03 μ M. I were active against HIV-induced killing of CEM cells at \geq 0.68 $\mu g/mL$. 160301-17-79

160301-17-79
RL: RCT (Reactant), SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation), RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of (hydroxyalkyl) arylamides as HIV protease inhibitors)
160301-17-7 CAPIUS
Benzoic acid, 2-[(2-bydroxy-3-[1-[((trifluoromethyl) sulfonyl) cry]-2naphthalenyl]propyl]amino]-, methyl ester (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 14 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

OTHER SOURCE(S):

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1994:191311 CAPLUS
171ILE:
171ILE:
1720:191311
1720:191311
1720:191311
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1720:191311
1720:191311
1720:191311
1720:191311
1720:1913

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 543662	A2	19930526	KP 1992-310625	19921120
EP 543662				
EP 543662		19960918		
			GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, I	
NO 9204440	λ	19930521	NO 1992-4440	19921118
NO 9204440 NO 179246 NO 179246 ZA 9208960 CA 2083323 CZ 280328	В	19960528		
NO 179246	С	19960904		
ZA 9208960	A	19930519	ZA 1992-8960 CA 1992-2083323 CZ 1992-3436 CZ 1995-345 RU 1992-4433 AU 1992-28493	19921119
CA 2083323	AA	19930521	CA 1992-2083323	19921119
CZ 280328	B6	19951213	CZ 1992-3436	19921119
CZ 280820 RU 2095344 AU 9228493 AU 655689 CN 1073428 CN 1034497 JP 06025118 HU 66816 CN 1106396 CN 1033750 AT 143002 ES 2094308 IL 110804 IL 103825 KR 149679	B6	19960417	CZ 1995-345	19921119
RU 2095344	C1	19971110	RU 1992-4433	19921119
AU 9228493	A1	19930527	AU 1992-28493	19921120
AU 655689	B2	19950105		
CN 1073428	Α	19930623	CN 1992-114826	19921120
CN 1034497	В	19970409		
JP 06025118	A2	19940201	JP 1992-311975	19921120
HU 66816	A2	19950130	HU 1992-3638 CN 1994-118086	19921120
CN 1106396	A	19950809	CN 1994-118086	19921120
CN 1033750	В	19970108		
AT 143002	E	19961015	AT 1992-310625 BS 1992-310625 IL 1992-110804 IL 1992-103825 KR 1992-21899 US 1994-282579 KR 1994-282579 KR 1994-21931 RU 1994-36004 AU 1994-77518	19921120
ES 2094308	T3	19970116	ES 1992-310625	19921120
IL 110804	A1	19970713	IL 1992-110804	19921120
IL 103825	A1	19980405	IL 1992-103825	19921120
			KR 1992-21899	19921120
US 5977374	Α.	19991102	US 1994-282579	19940729
KR 161552	Bl	19990115	KR 1994-21931	19940831
RU 2091113	, C1	19970610	RU 1994-36004	19940930
AU 9477518	A1	19950112	AU 1994-77518	19941027
AU 670007	B2	19960627		
US 5576340	À	19961119	US 1995-378879	19950126
US 5635534 CN 1151401	λ	19970603	US 1995-378879 US 1995-478610 CN 1996-107153	19950607
US 5635534 CN 1151401	A	19970611	CN 1996-107153	19960621
CN 1054846 JP 09188669	В.	20000726		_
JP 09188669	A2	19970722	JP 1997-5361	19970116
JP 2991985	B2	19991220		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-304581 JP 1992-311975	A 19911120
			JP 1992-311975	A3 19921120
			KR 1992-21899	A3 19921120

ANSWER 15 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
US 1992-979180 B1 19921120
US 1994-178465 B3 19940106
US 1995-178479 A3 19950126
OTHER SOURCE(5): CASREACT 120:191311, HARPAT 120:191311

Compds. I [R = H, Me, HOCH2; Rl = substituted alkyl [substituents may be COZH, C2-7 alkoxy- or aryloxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, [di]alkyl- or hydroxycarbamoyl, carbamoyl, OH, carboxylic acyloxy, and 2,4-dioxothazolidin-5-yl groups]; RZ, R3 = H, halo, OH, alkoxy carboxy, alkoxycarbonyl, alkyl, NO2, haloalkyl, substituted alkyl; X = 0, 5; Ar = Ph or naphthyl or their derivs. containing up to three substituents

including
halo, CH, HOCH2, alkoxy, alkyl, haloalkyl, aliphatic carboxylic acyloxy
group, or aralkyloxy containing a C1-3 alkyl chain substituted by 1 or 2

groups containing 6-10 ring C atoms and which are substituted with halo, C1-4

alkyi, C1-3 alkoxy, NO2, CH, or C1-4 haloalkyl groups] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts are prepared with antidiabetic and antiobesity activities. I are also capable of treating or preventing hyperlipenia and hyperquiyemia (very effective) and, by inhibiting the action of aldose reductase, they can be effective in the treatment and prevention of complications of diabetes. Thus, 3-C1CGH4CH(OH)CH2NH2 is condensed with 4-Me02CCGH4CH2Ac to give 4-[3-C1CGH4CH(OH)CH2NH1CH2CH2O]CGH4COZHe which is reduced by NaBH4 to give I (R = R2 = R3 = H, R1 = C0ZH4, X = O, Ar = 3-C1CGH4). The was reduced by LiAlH4 in THF to give I (R = R2 = R3 = H, R1 = CH2OH, X = O, Ar = 3-C1CGH4). The CH2OH, X = O, Ar = 3-C1CGH4. The condense is the condense of the condense in the condense of the condense is the condense in the condense in the condense is the condense in the condense in the condense in the condense is the condense in the

183293-16-4

RL: RCT (Reactant), RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation as antidiabetic agent)
15293-16-4 CAPLUS

Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[2-[[2-(4-bromo-1-hydroxy-2-naphthalenyl)-2-hydroxyethyl]amino]propoxy]-β-hydroxy-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:407945 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:7945
INVENTOR(S): for their preparation and pesticides containing them
Kristiansen, Oddy Zondler, Helmut Hueller, Urs
Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
SUNCE: EXT. Pat. Appl., 66 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: German

PATENT NO.		DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE

	A1	19920212	EP 1991-113282	19910807
EP 470600	B1	19970507		
	H, DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL	, SE
CA 2048713	λA	19920211	CA 1991-2048713	19910808
IL 99122	A1	19970218	IL 1991-99122	19910808
AU 9181762	A1	19920213	AU 1991-81762	19910809
AU 647163	В2	19940317		
HU 58300	A2	19920228	HU 1991-2666	19910809
ZA 9106297		19920429	ZA 1991-6297	19910809
BR 9103426	A	19920519	BR 1991-3426	19910809
JP 04230670	A2	19920819	JP 1991-225025	19910809
CZ 279334	В6	19950412	CZ 1991-2470	19910809
PL 169439	B1	19960731	PL 1991-291383	19910809
CN 1058776	λ	19920219	CN 1991-105501	19910810
US 5468751	λ	19951121	US 1993-126154	19930923
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1990-2603	A 19900810
			CH 1991-390	A 19910208
			US 1991-741716	B3 19910807
			US 1992-910939	B1 19920719
			US 1993-15079	B1 19930208

OTHER SOURCE(S): GI For diagram AB Title compde MARPAT 117:7945

US 1993-15079 B1 19930208

BR SOURCE(S): MARPAT 117:7945

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
Title compds. I [RI = H, (substituted) C1-5 slkyl, (halo)-C2-7 slkenyl,
C3-7 cycloalkyl, halo, C2-6 slkynyl, R2 = H, Ho, (substituted) C1-5 slkyl,
C1-4 slkoxy, halo, O2-0, N.C., HZN, C1-4 slkyl-5(O)p wherein p = O-2, R3MH,
R3RSN, R1089C:N wherein R3 = H, C1-5 slkyl, PhCHZ, R6CO, R7S, wherein R9 =
C1-5 slkyl, R10 = H, C1-5 slkyl, R6 - C1-5 slkyl, (substituted) Ph, R7 =
(substituted) Ph, (substituted) PhCHZ, (substituted) C1-3 slkyl, C1-3
slkyl) R, etc.; a slkyl; C3-7 cycloalkyl; R5 = halo, C1-3 slkyl, C1-3
slkyl) N, etc.; m, n = 0-3]. To a solution of 4,5-dichloro-6-ethylpyrimidine
in BUGH were added 1-p-naphthylethanamin and EXTN to give after
workup 4 (1-p-naphthylethylamino)-5-chloro-6-ethylpyrimidine (II).
Il was effective in controlling Pythium ultimum on sugar best and corn.
141625-49-27
RL: AGR (Agricultural use) BAC (Biological activity or effector, except
adverse): BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SFN (Synthetic
preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREF (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of, as pesticide)
141625-49-2 CAPLUS
4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-chloro-6-ethyl-N-[2-(1-methoxy-2-naphthalenyl) ethyl](9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 16 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

LA ANSWER 17 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1992:173958 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
116:173958
1171LE:
Synthetic studies on indoles and related compounds.
XXIX. Attempted syntheses of benz[f]indoles by cyclization reactions
AUTHOR(5):
Watanabe, Toshiko: Takahashi, Hiroyuki, Kanakura, Hiroyuki, Sakaquehi, Susumun Osaki, Mesakor Toyama, Satoru, Mizuna, Yuka, Ueda, Ikuko, Murakani, Yasuko (CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
SOURCE:
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
JOURNAL SSN: O009-2363
JOURNAL SSN: O009-2363
JOURNAL SSN: O009-2363

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI

Syntheses of benz[f]indoles from 1,2-disubstituted naphthalene derivs. by means of cyclization reactions were attempted. The Fischer indolization of naphthylhydrazones I (R = Me, Cl, NO2) gave only benz[e]indole derivs. II (RI = H, Cl) or decomposed products, and the desired 9-substituted benz[f]indole was not produced. On the other hand, the Fischer indolization of 2-methoxy-1-naphthylhydrazone III gave Et 5-chlorobenz[g]indole-2-carboxylate IV. 139979-15-09
RIL SPN (Synthatic preparation). PRPS (Synthatic preparation).

IT

139979-15-0P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
139979-15-0 CAPLUS
2-Maphthalenepropanoic acid, α-azido-β-hydroxy-1-methoxy-,
ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 55

ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1191:116851 CAPLUS
114:116851
AQUECUS photolysis of napropanide
Chang, Lydie L.; Giang, Benjamin Y.; Lee, Kuo Shin;
Tseng, Chien K.
Agric. Prod. Div., ICI Americas Inc., Richmond, CA,
94804-0023, USA
JOURGE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: JAFCAN, ISSN: 0021-8561

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

AB Photolysis of napropanide was examined at 25° in aqueous solution buffered at pH 7 by using radiation from a xenon arc lamp. The pseudo-first-order photolysis half-life and rate constant were 5.7 min and 1.2 + 10-1 min-1, resp. Three major photodegrdn. products were produced in yields up to 20, 27, and 94. The 3 photodegrdn. products were produced in yields up their structures identified by NMR and mass spectrometry.

IT 131933-41-0 131933-42-1

RL BIOL (Biological study)

(napropamide photolysis product)

RN 131933-41-0 CAPIUS

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetamide, N,N-diethyl-1-hydroxy-α-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

131933-42-1 CAPLUS [1,1'-Binaphthalane]-3,3'-discetamide, N,N,N',N'-tetraethyl-4,4'-dihydroxy-a,a'-dimethyl- (901) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1990:459385 CAPLUS
113:59385
TITLE:
Enantioselective catalysts having a new zirconium trichloride-Lewis acid with dibornaneannulated cyclopentadienyl ligand
Erker, Gerhard: Van der Zeijden, Adolphus A. H.
1051: Org. Chem., Univ. Weerzburg, Weerzburg, D-8700, Gernany
Annexandte Chamie (1990), 102/51, 543-5

SOURCE:

Angewandte Chemie (1990), 102(5), 543-5 CODEN: ANCEAD; ISSN: 0044-8249

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(5):

COMENT TYPE:

JOURNAL SOUTH STORY SOUTH STORY SOUTH STORY SOUTH STORY SOUTH STORY SOUTH SO

Relative stereochemistry.

126035-91-4 CAPLUS 2-Naphthaleneacetamide, α,1-dihydroxy-α-methyl-N-(1-phenylethyl)-, (R*,S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
199:173639 CAPLUS
110:173639
Synthetic studies on nogalamycin congeners. II.
Chiral synthesis of the CDEF-ring system of
nogalamycin
Kawasaki, Motoji, Matsuda, Fuyuhiko; Terashima, Shiro
Sagami Chem. Res. Cent., Kanagawa, 229, Japan
Tetrahedron (1998), 44(18), 5713-25
CODEN: TETRAB: ISSN: 0040-4020
Journal
LANGUAGE:
GI
CASREACT 110:173639

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

OCH20Me .OSiMe2CHe3 11

The CDEF-ring system I of nogalamycin was prepared in several steps starting with the reaction of ketone II with 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxynaphthalene. 105827-47-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and desilylation of)
105827-47-2 CAPLUS
L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-1-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl)-3[(methoxyractbonyl)methylaminol-2,4-bis-0-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

103827-48-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and oxidation of)
105827-48-3 CAPLUS

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L4 ANSWER 19 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

ANSWER 20 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (INDEX NAME)

ΙT 120143-13-7P

120143-13-79
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
120143-13-7 CAPLUS
D-Iditol, 3,6-dideoxy-1-O-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-3[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:570804 CAPLUS
109:170804 109:170804
109:170804 A process for the preparation of 6-(1,4-dimethoxy-5,8-dimensional derivatives as neoplasm inhibitors
INVENTOR(5): Terajima, Atsuro, Kawasaki, Mototsuchi, Hatsuda, Puyuhikor Yamada, Kaoru
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Segami Chemical Research Center, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
CODEN: JDOXAF
Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND JP 62153281 JP 05086787 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 B4 19870708 19931214 JP 1985-292240 19851226 JP 1985-292240 19851226

The title compds. (I; R = protecting group), useful as neoplasm inhibitors, are prepared Naphthyltetrahydropyran derivs. II [prepared from (silyloxyhexanone derivative (-)-III in six steps) in EtOH was treated with equeous (NH4)2Ce (NO3)6 at -40° to give 21% I (R = MeOCH2) which showed an ICSO of 0.14 μ g/mL against p388 leukemia cells.

RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RACT

ANSWER 21 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

ANSWER 21 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

(Reactant or reagent) (Prepared in the Control of t

111224-40-9P

RE: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and etherification of, as intermediate for neoplasm

inhibitors;

RN 111224-40-9 CAPLUS

CM L-Glucose, 3,6-dideoxy-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthelenyl)- (9CI)

HNDEN (MAHE)

ΙT

116592-97-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagant)
(preparation and self-cyclocondensation of, pyran derivative from, in particular of the control of the cont

aration of
neoplasm inhibitors)
16592-97-3 CAPLUS
L-gluco-Heptitol, 2,4,7-trideoxy-4-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-3,5-bisO-(methoxymethyl)-6-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:549325 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:149325

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: Access to (aminomethyl)benzo[g]isoquinoline-5,10-diones. Abnormal substitution in the Bischler-Napieralski reaction of 1,4-

dimethoxynaphthalenes Croisy-Delcey, Martine, Huel, Christiane, Bisagni, AUTHOR (S):

Lab. Synth. Org., Inst. Curie, Orsay, 91405, Fr. Journal of Heterocyclic Chamistry (1988), 25(2), 661-5 CODEN: JHTCAD: ISSN: 0022-152X CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): French CASREACT 109:149325

Bischler-Napieralski reaction of [(acylamino)ethyl]dimethoxynaphthalene derivs. I (R = H, Rl = H, phthalimido) gives the expected dihydrobenzoisoquinolines II (same Rl). However, I (R = CMe, Rl = H, phthalimido) give only aromatized regioisomers III, and I (R = Rl = H) gives .apprx.308 III. Cyclocondensetion of isoquinolinediones IV (RZ = H, NRAC, NRCOCHE, NECOCHEC) with Aco(CHCH) 20Ac gives 39-54% azaanthraquinones V (same RZ). 116577-63-91 1

Acetamide, N-[2-(1,4-dimethoxy-2-naphthaleny1)ethy1]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

14 ANSWER 22 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

. СН2— СН2— NHAC

116577-59-4 CAPLUS Acetamide, N-[2-(1,4,8-trimethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СН2-СН2-ИНАС

116577-63-0 CAPLUS
2H-1soindole-2-acetamide, N-[2-(1,4-dimethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)ethyl]-1,3-dixyo-(9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

116577-64-1 CAPLUS
2H-Isoindole-2-acetamide, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-N-[2-(1,4,8-trimethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1988:528643 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1988:528643 CAPLUS
109:128643
A new counaarin synthesis based on the aromatic metalation reaction
AUTHOR(S):
AUTHOR(S):
Harvey, Ronald G., Cortez, Cecilia; Ananthanarayan, T.
P.) Schnolka, Sanford
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
Tetrahedron Letters (1987), 28(49), 6137-8
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
English

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

English CASREACT 109:128643

A convenient synthetic approach to coumarins such as I (R = H, Cl, He, Ph) and polycyclic coumarins is based on the aromatic metalation reaction of aldehydes, such as II with LiCHZCONNe2 and deblocking and cyclization of the adducts with AcOH. Several polycyclic coumarins exhibit strong anticarcinogenic activity.

113500-75-39 1135500-76-4P 115500-78-6P
115500-78-1P 116137-99-4P 116137-99-6P
116137-99-6P
RLI SPN (Synthetic preparation), PRES (Parametal)

116137-99-6P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation) (preparation and demethoxymethylation and ring closure of) 115560-75-3 CAPLUS
2-Maphthalenepropanamide, β-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N, N-dimethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MeO-CH2-0 OH O | | | CH CH2 C NM•2

115560-76-4 CAPLUS 2-Anthracenerpopasanide, \$\theta\$-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl-(9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

мео- cH2- p

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L4 ANSWER 22 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

115560-78-6 CAPLUS 2-Pyrenepropanamide, β -hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

115560-01-1 CAPLUS
2-Pyrenepropanamide, \(\beta\)-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N, N, \(\beta\)-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 | |-CH2−C−NMe2

116137-97-4 CAPLUS 2-Pyrenepropanamide, \$\beta\$-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N,\$\alpha\$-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OH Me O

116137-98-5 CAPLUS
2-Pyrenepropanamide, β-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N,α,β-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

116137-99-6 CAPLUS 2-Anthracenepropanamide, β-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N,α-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 24 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

115560-76-4 CAPLUS 115500-76-4 CAPLUS 2-Anthracenepropanamide, β-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl-(SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

115560-78-6 CAPLUS 2-Pyreneproperation -Pyrenepropanamide, β-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

115560-81-1 CAPLUS 2-Pyrenepropanamide, \(\beta\)-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N,\(\beta\)-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:
1988:492720 CAPLUS
109:92720
A new coumarin synthesis and its utilization for the synthesis of polycyclic commarin compounds with anticarcinogenic properties

AUTHOR(S):
Harvey, Ronald G.; Cortez, Cecilia; Ananthanarsyan, T. P.; Schmolka, Sanford

Een Hay Inst., Univ. Chicago, Chicago, IL, 60637, USA
3COUEN: JOCEAN; ISSN: 0022-3263
DOCUMENT TYPE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
SOURCE:
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): English CASREACT 109:92720

A novel synthesis of coumarins based on the ortho-directed metalation of methoxymethyl phenolic ethers with alkyllithium reagents is described. The method entails reaction of the ortho-lithiated intermediates with LMF to yield the corresponding ortho aldehydes. Reaction of the latter with LICHIZCONNE2 affords the addition products which, on heating in refluxing AcOH, undergo smooth conversion directly to coumarins. A wide range of coumarins containing substituents in the 6- and 7-positions as well as the polycyclic coumarin analogs of phenenthrene, benn[a]anthracene, and benzo[a]pyrene, and their Me-substituted derivs. were prepared by appropriate modifications of this method. Freliminary assays of biol. activity indicate that the benzo[a]pyrene coumarin analog I is a potent inhibitor of tumor induction when administered prior to the carcinogen 7.12-dimethylbenz[a]anthracene, and I, is itself devoid of tumorigenic activity. The polycyclic coumarins hold promise as agents for the chemoprevention of cancer.

115560-13-3P 115560-76-4P 115560-78-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and intramol. cyclocondensation reaction of, coumarin derivative from)
RN 115560-75-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Naphthalenepropanamide, β-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 25 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:422843 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:22843

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

109:22443
Preparation of 4-amino-3,5-bis(methoxymethoxy)-6-methyl-6-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxynaphthalen-2-yl)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-ZH-pyran derivatives as neoplasm inhibitor intermediate.

intermediates

Intermediates
Terajima, Atsuro; Kawasaki, Motoshi; Matsuda, Fuyuhiko
Sagami Chemical Research Center, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
CODEN: JKKKAF
Patent INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: Japanese

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE JP 62153282 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 JP 1985-292241 JP 1985-292241 19870708 19851226

The title compds. I [when R1 = MeO2C, R2R3 = 0 or one of R2 and R3 = H and another one (protected) OH when R1 = Me, one of R2 and R3 = H and another one = protected hydroxy], useful as intermediates for anticancer agents (which are also prepared), are prepared A solution of (-)-II (preparation in the composition of the composition

i) in CH2C12 was treated with a mixture of oxelyl chloride and DMSO in CH2C12 at -60° and subsequently with Et3N at 0° to give 91% I (RI =

ANSWER 25 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CO2Mer R2R3 - 0) which was converted to (+)-III with seven steps. III showed [CSO at 0.10 µd/mL against mice leukemia cells P388. 105827-48-3P 113350-49-5P

103827-48-3P 113350-49-5P
RL: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as intermediate for anticancer agent)
105827-48-3 CAPLUS
L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthelenyl)- (9CI)
INDEX NAME)

113350-49-5 CAPLUS
D-Allitol, 1,4-dideoxy-6-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-4[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-3,5-bis-0-(methoxymethyl)-2-C-(1,4,5,8tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 26 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) (prepn. and hydrolysis of) 105827-47-2 CAPLUS 105827-47-2 CAPLUS L-Glucitol, 3.6-dideoxy-1-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylanino]-2,4-bis-0-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-teramethoxy-2-naphthalanyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

105827-48-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant), SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation), RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and lactonization of)
105827-48-3 CAPLUS
L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA NUMRY NAME)

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:112732 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:112732

108:112732
Preparation of 4-{bis(trielkylsiloxy)mathylene}-1-mathyl-3-mathylene-1-cyclobexene derivatives as anticancer intermediates
Terajins, Atsurov Kawasaki, Motoshir Matsuda, Puyuhiko Sagami Chemical Research Center, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.
CODEN: JKOKAF
Patent

INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 62153294 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1985-292243 JP 1985-292243 A2 19870708 19851226

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The title compds. (I, Rl, R2, R3 = alkyl), useful as intermediates for anticancer anthracycline derivs., are prepared BuLi in hexane was added to solution of (Me2GH) ZNH in THF at -40°, followed by acid III in THF and Me3SiCl at -78°, and the solution stirred at 30° to give I (R1 = R2 = R3 - Me), which (0,50 mmol) was treated with (+)-(2R, 3S, 4R, SR, GR)-IV in THF at 20° to give 85% adduct V. V was aromatized and hydrolyzed to give (+)-nogarene (II).

111224-40-99
RL: RCT (Reactant), SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation), RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and etherification of)
111224-40-9 CAPLUS
L-Glucose, 3,6-dideoxy-3-{(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino}-2,4-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

105827-47-29 105827-47-2F RI: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

L4 ANSWER 27 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:618008 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:218008

Preparation of 2,6-epoxy-3,4,5,6,1,12-hexahydro-ZH-naphthaceno[1,2-b] oxocin-9,16-dione derivatives as anticancer agents and intermediates for nogarene derivatives

derivatives Terajina, Atsuro, Kawasaki, Hotoshi, Hatsuda, Fuyuhiko, Yamada, Kaoru Sayamiko, Tehanical Research Center, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp. CODEN: JOXCAF INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 62153290 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19870708 JP 1985-292244 JP 1985-292244 19851226

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Anticancer anthracyclines (I; R1 - H, protecting group), which can be converted into optically active nogarene derivs. (II) by dehydrogenation, were prepared in 12 steps from 3,5,6-trihydroxy-4-amino-2-hexanone derivative

III. Cycloaddn. reaction of 4-[bis(trimethylsilyloxy)methylene]-1-methyl-3-methylene-1-cyclohexene with a naphthleno[1,2-b]oxocin-9,12-dione

derivative

IV, which was prepared in 11 steps via condensation of III with
1,4,5,8-tetramethoxynaphthalene, in THF at room temperature for 30 min
followed

followed
by treatment with aqueous HCl and then saturated aqueous NaHCO3 gave 85% I
(R1 = Ac)
(Y) which was treated with DL-camphorsulfonic acid and
2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone in benzene under reflux to give
85% II (R1 = Ac). V and I (R1 = H) in vitro show IC50 of 0.5% and 0.13
p9/sL resp. in mouse leukemia F38% cells.
II 111224-40-9P

111224-40-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and alkylation of, with chloromethyl He ether)
111224-40-9 CAPLUS
L-Glucose, 3,6-dideoxy-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-nephthelenyl)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

105827-47-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and desilylation of)
105827-47-2 CAPUS
L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-1-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-3[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0-(mathoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-maphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) ΙT

IT

111224-39-5P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and oxidation of)
111224-39-6 CAPLUS
D-Vylitol, 3-deoxy-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0(methoxymathyl)-1-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalanyl)-, (IR)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1987:618007 CAPLUS
107:218007
11TLE:
107:218007 CAPLUS
107:218007
Anticancer nogalamycin analogs: 2,6-epoxy-3,4,5,6-tetrabydro-2H-naphthaleno[1,2-b]oxocin-9,12-dione derivatives
100 Acceptable (1,2-b) according (1,2-b) accordin

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

Page 19

PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 62153289 JP 06000784 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19870708 19940105 JP 1985-292242

The title compds. (I; Rl = H, protecting group), which show anticancer activity, are prepared in 9 steps from 3,5,6-trihydroxy-4-amino-2-hexanone derivative (II). Lithiation of 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxynaphthalene (III; R = H) with Bull followed by condensation with GH (Rl = SIHe2CHe3) and deailylation with Bul4NF gave III (R = Q, Rl = SIHe2CHe3). Oxidation of the latter with ClCCCCCI and Me2SO and reduction of the resulting III (R = Q1, R2R3 = O, R4 = CH2CMe, R5 = CO2Me) with (iso-Bu)2AlH in toluene at -78° gave III (R = Q1, R2, R3 = H, CHR2C = R3); R4 = CH2CMe, R5 = CO2Me) which was alkylated with ClCH2CMe in THF containing (iso-Pr)2MH and deacylated by reduction with LithH4 to give III (R = Q1, R2, R3 = H, CH2CMe (R2 = R3); R4 = CH2CMe, R5 = H]. Treatment of the latter with (NMH)2CC (MO3)6 in aqueous Etch at 0° gave 5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-dioxonaphthalene derivative III (R = Q1, R2, R3 = H, CCH2CMe (R2 = R3); R4 = CH2CMe, R5 = H], which was reduced with Na2S2CO4 in H2CO and CHCI3 and cyclized by treatment with BrSiMe3 in CHCI3 and CH2CI2 under reflux to

saeed

ANSWER 28 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) give I (RI = R2 = H) HBr. Acetylation of this with Ac20 in MeOH conts, KOAc gave I (RI = R2 = Ac). This in vitro showed IC50 of 0.10 µg/mL in mouse leukemia P388 cells.

111224-40-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and alkylation of, with chloromethyl Me ether)

111224-40-9 CAPLUS
L-Glucose, 3,6-dideoxy-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

105827-47-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or resgent)
(preparation and desilylation of)
105827-47-2 CAPLUS
L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-1-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-3[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

105827-48-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or resgent)
(preparation and oxidation of)
105827-48-3 CAPLUS
L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

ANSWER 29 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

Naphthol derivs. I [R1 = H, He, Br, Cl, OH, OMe, OEt, Fh, S, SO, SO2, (un) substituted NEZ, etc., R2, R3 = H, Me, Et, OMe, OEt; R4 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.] are prepared as 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors. Thus, 1,1-trimethoxy-5-hexyne in dry THF was treated at -78 "tith Buli in hexane, followed by the addition of 1-benzyloxy-2-naphthaldehyde in THF, to give Me 7-(1-benzyloxy-2-naphthallehyde in THF, to give Me 7-(1-benzyloxy-2-haphthyl)-7-hapytnosts. This was treated with a mixture of BF3.Et2O, EtJSIH, and CHZC12 to give Me 7-(1-benzyloxy-2-haphthyl)-5-haptynoste, which, upon treatment with EtSH and BF3.Et2O gave I (R1 = R2 = R3 = H, R4 = CH2C.tplbond.CCH2CH2CH2CO2Me). 109381-76-2P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse). BSU (Biological study), PREP (Preparation), THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study), PREP (Preparation), USES (Uses)
(preparation of, as lipoxygenase inhibitor)
10381-76-2 CAPLUS
1-Naphthalenol, 2-(3-aminopropyl)-, hydrochloride (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

G HC1

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: IIILE: INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: FATENT INFORMATION:	1987:452007 CAPLUS 107:52007 2-Substituted-1-napthols as 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors Batt, Douglas Guy du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 87 pp. CODEN: REPKCHW Patent English 1								
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.					

EP 201071	A2	19861112	EP	1986-106122		19860505			
EP 201071	A3	19880810							
EP 201071	B1	19920304							
R: AT, BE, CH, US 4833164	DE, FF	I, GB, II, LI	٠٢						
AT 73121	•	19890525	US	1986-839912 1986-106122		19860319			
AU 8657186	2.	19920313	AI.	1986-106122		19860505 19860506			
AU 606034	M.	19001204	AU	1300-3/100		13800200			
CA 1302417	11	19920602	C1	1986-508534		19860506			
DY 8602112	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	19861109	DY	1986-2112		19860507			
DX 8602112 FI 8601903		19861109	PI	1986-1903		19860507			
FI 90974	В	19940114				1700000			
FI 90974	Ċ	19940425							
NO 8601829	λ	19861110	NO	1986-1829		19860507			
NO 164592	В	19900716							
NO 164592	С	19901024							
JP 61263943	A2	19861112 19880810 19920304 1, GB, IT, LI 19890523 19920315 19920315 19961204 19910131 19920602 19861109 19940114 19940425 19961110 19900716 19900716 19901024 19961113 19861121 19961113 19871130 19880328 19880328 19880328 19980127	JP	1986-103246		19860507			
JP 2554322	B2	19961113							
HU 43551	A2	19871130	HU	1986-1892		19860507			
HU 194796	B A A3	19880328							
ZA 8603425	λ.	19880127	ZA	1986-3425		19860507			
SU 1600627	A3	19901015	SU	1986-4027419 1986-78719		19860507 19860507			
IL 78719 ES 554763	Al Al								
ES 557756	A1	19880216 19880416	ES	1986-554763 1987-557756		19860508 19870925			
SU 1750415	A3	19920723		1988-4355565		19880422			
US 4906636	A	19900306	115	1989-324533		19000422			
US 4985435	Â	19910115	us	1989-324533 1989-324534		19890316			
US 4985442	Ä	19910115	US	1989-327717		19890323			
US 5026759	Α	19910625	US	1989-327717 1989-445776		19891204			
NO 9000651	Ä	19861110	NO	1990-651		19900209			
NO 171106	В	19921019							
NO 171106	¢	19930127							
DK 9200393	A	19920325	DK	1992-393		19920325			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	1985-731791 1986-839912	λ	19850508			
			US	1986-839912	A	19860319			
			EP	1986-106122 1986-1829	Α	19860505			
			NO	1986-1829	A1	19860507			
OMITTED COLLDON (C) .	~~~~	- 102.50007		1989-324533	A3	19890316			
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREA	CT 107:52007							

L4 ANSWER 29 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS OR STN

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:18203 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:18203 DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: 106:18203
Total syntheses of (+)-nogarene and
(+)-7,8-dihydronogarene
Kawasaki, Notoji, Hatsuda, Fuyuhiko; Terashima, Shiro
Sagami Chem. Res. Cent., Sagamihara, 229, Japan
Tetrahedron Letters (1986), 27(19), 2145-8
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039 AUTHOR (5): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: Journal English CASREACT 106:18203 DOCUMENT TYPE: OTHER SOURCE(5):

OTHER SOURCE(S):

Total syntheses of the title compds. (I, RRI = bond, R = RI = H), the simplest and novel nogelamycin congeners, were accomplished by elaborating the CDEF-ring system II from HeCOCH(OCH2OHs)CH(NHCOZHs)CH(OCH2OHs)CH(OCH2OHs)CH(OCH2OHs)CH(OCH2OHs)CH(OCH2OHs)CH(OCH2OHs)CH(OCH3OHS)CH(OCH3OHS)CH(OCH2OH

105827-47-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant), SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation), RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and desilylation of)
105827-47-2 CAPLUS
L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-1-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]-2,4-bis-0-(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 30 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS OR STN (Continued)

105827-48-3F
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and oxidation of)
105827-48-3 CAPLUS
L-Glucitol, 3,6-dideoxy-3-{(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino}-2,4-bis-0(methoxymethyl)-5-C-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA
1NDEX NAME) ΙT

L4 ANSWER 31 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L4 ANSWER 31 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1986:101941 CAPLUS
104:101941
104:101941
10pological pharmacophores. New methods and their application to a set of antimalarials. Part 2:
Results from LOGANA
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Pranke, Rainer, Streich, V. Juergen
Inst. Drug Res., Ger. Acad. Sci., Berlin, 1136, Ger.
Dem. Rep.
Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationships (1985), 4(2), 51-63
CODEN: QSARDI, ISSN: 0722-3676
JOURNET TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
EARGIGAGE: Ragish
BY
The LOGANA procedure is applied to a set of 382 antimalarials as a test
case. Its principle consists in the stepwise combination of binary
descriptors characterizing the presence or absence of substructural
features into conjunctions using the logical operator "and" such that the
structural patterns described by these conjunctions are typical of the
class of high activity compds. Clear substructural patterns for
antimalarial activity are obtained which are consistent with corresponding
Hansch equations taken from the literature.

87587-95-5 86760-06-1
Bit BAC [Biological activity or affector

שניים פארטיים אירטיים אורטיים אורטיים פארטיים אורטיים איים אורטיים אורטיים אורטיים אורטיים אורטיים אורטיים אורטיים אורטיים או

(uses)
(antimalarial activity of, topol. anal. of, by computerized methods)
69757-95-5 CAPUS
9-Phenanthrenemethanol, \(\alpha\text{-[(dibutylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy-(9CI)}\)
(CA INDEX NAME)

69760-06-1 CAPLUS 9-Phenanthrenemethanol, α -[(diheptylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 32 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1986:33908 CAPLUS
104:33908
104:33908
Naphthelene derivatives
Hashinoto, Kinji) Goto, Kyoto, Tsuda, Yoshiaki
Octuber Pharmatoto, Kinji) Goto, Kyoto, Tsuda, Yoshiaki
Octube Pharmatoto, Kinji) Goto, Kyoto, Tsuda, Yoshiaki

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 60139646 JP 03014296 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19850724 19910226 JP 1983-248760 19831227 JP 1983-248760 19831227

Naphthalene derivs. (I; R = alkowy; R1 = CO2H, NO2, carbamoy), dialkylcarbamoyl, etc.), effective vasodilators, thromboxane A2 biosynthesis inhibitors, cardiotonics, etc. (no data), were prepared Thus, 20 mmol II and 0.3 mL piperidine were added to a solution of 40 mmol malonic acid in pyridine at 80-85° and refluxed 3 h to give 5 g I (R = HeO, 99724-08-67 99724-03-79 PS724-03-67 99724-03-07 PS724-03-07 PS724-0 AB

IT

99724-08-0F
REL SFN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
99724-04-6 CAPLUS
2-Maphthalenepropanamide, N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-(SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

99724-05-7 CAPLUS L-Alanine, N-(1-oxo-3-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthalenyl)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry,

ANSWER 32 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

99724-06-8 CAPLUS L-Proline, 1-(N-(1-oxo-3-(1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-naphthaleny1)propy1]-L-alany1)-(9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

99724-08-0 CAPLUS
Naphthalene, 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-2-(2-nitroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 33 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C14 H16 N2 O

L4 ANSWER 33 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
103:160194
New bicyclic antidepressant agent. Synthesis and activity of napactadine and related compounds
AUTHOR(S):
HCCarthy, James R.; Wright, Donald L.; Schuster,
Albert J.; Abdellah, Abdul H.; Shea, Philip J.;
Eyster, Randy
Pharmacol. Dep., Merrell Dow Res. Inst., Indianapolis,
IN, 46268, USA
JOURNET SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:

LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): G1 English CASREACT 103:160194

N,N'-Dialkylarylamides (67 in all) were prepared and evaluated for antidepressant activity. Several of these were prepared from the corresponding nitriles by conversion into the amidate esters than aminolysis. Slight structural modifications caused marked changes in biol. activity and led to compds. as active as imipramine. The arylacetandidne I (napactadine) was selected for clin. Study. 98245-94-4P 98245-95-5P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse), BSU (Biological study, unclassified), SFM (Synthetic preparation), TEU (Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation), USES (Uses) (preparation and antidepressant activity of) 98245-94-4 CAPLUS
2-Naphthaleneethanimidamide, 1-hydroxy-N,N'-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

98245-95-5 CAPLUS
2-Naphthaleneethanimidamide, 1-hydroxy-N,N'-dimethyl-,
mono(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 98245-94-4

L4 ANSWER 34 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:523196 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:123196 CAPLUS
11TLE: 1,4,5,8-Tetraalkoxynaphthalene
Otsuka Pharmaceutical Factory, Inc., Japan
SOURCE: JOCKAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

Patent

Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		PLICATION NO.	DATE ·
JP 60100542 JP 04049536	A2 B4	19850604 19920811	JP	1983-209712	19831107
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(5):		CT 103:1231		1983-209712	19831107

CASREACT 103:123196

$$\begin{array}{c} R \\ R \\ R \\ R^2 \end{array}$$

Title compds. I [R = alkoxy; R1, R2 = GH, alkancyloxy, NR3R4; R3, R4 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, (un)substituted Ph, phenylalkyl] and their salts, useful as cardiovascular agents (no data), were prepared Thus, treating 2.4 g II (R = GMe, R6 = CHO) with 1 g NaCN, gave 2 g II [R = GMe, R6 = CHO + R6 = CHO(CH) CN), 1.65 g of which was reduced in the presence of NaRH4 to give 500 mg II (R = GMe, R6 = CHO(CHZNH2), 310 mg of which was treated with 300 mg Me2CO in the presence of NaRH3CN to give 272 mg I (R = GMe, R1 = GH, R2 = NR3R4, R3 = H, R4 = CHMe2).

S8187-37-2P
RRI: RCT (Reactant): SFN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reductive alkylation of)

S8187-37-2 CAPUS
2-Naphthalensmathanol, α-(aminomethyl)-1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

98186-93-7P 98186-95-9P 98186-96-0P 98186-98-2P 98186-99-3P 98187-00-9P

ANSWER 34 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 98187-38-39 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)
98186-93-7 CAPJUS
2-Maphthalenemethanol, 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-a-[[(2-phenylethyl)amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

98196-95-9 CAPLUS 2-Maphthalenemethanol, α-[(cyclohemylmethylamino)methyl]-1,4,5,8-tetramethomy-(9c1) (CA INDEX NAME)

98186-96-0 CAPLUS
2-Naphthalenemethanol, a=[[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

98186-98-2 CAPLUS 2-Naphthalenemethanol, a-{(cyclohexylmethylamino)methyl]-1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-, acetate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

14 ANSWER 34 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L4 ANSWER 34 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

98186-99-3 CAPLUS 2-Naphthalenemethanol, α -[(diethylamino)methyl]-1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-, acetate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

98187-00-9 CAPLUS 2-Naphthalenemethanol, 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-α-[(phenylamino)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

98187-38-3 CAPLUS 2-Naphthalenemethanol, 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-\u03a4-[[(1-methylethyl)amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 35 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:486235 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN 101:86235 CAPLUS Derivatives of Company Com

101:86235 Derivatives of 2-methyl-1,4-naphthoquinone as substrates and inhibitors of the vitamin K-dependent

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

substrates and inhibitors of the vitamin K-dependent carboxylase
Dhaon, Hadhup K.; Lehrman, S. R.; Rich, D. H.;
Engelke, J. A.; Suttie, J. W.
Coll. Agric. Life Sci., Univ. Wisconsin, Hadison, WI,
53706, USA
Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1984), 27(9), 1196-201
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: JMCMAR: ISSN: 0022-2623

UMENT TYPE: Journal
GUAGE: English
A series of peptides that contain an N-terminal 2-methyl-1,4naphthoquinone group or analogs of this structure were prepared as potential
substrates or inhibitors of the rat liver microsomal vitamin K-dependent
carboxylass. The parent compound, y-2-(methyl-1,4-naphthoquinonyl3] butyryl-Glu-Glu-Lau-CWe, was a good substrate for the carboxylass at low
concess, and had a Kn of .apprx.50 µM. This was roughly 2 orders of
magnitude lower than the Kn of most simple peptide substrates that were
synthesized. Replacement of the 2-methyl-1,4-naphthoquinone group with
its demethyl analog, a naphthyl, or a stearyl group decreased substrate
effectiveness. At higher concens, the parent compound and its demethyl
analog were potent inhibitors of the vitamin K-dependent carboxylation
reaction. The degree of inhibitor exhibited by these peptides was
dependent on the vitamin KH2 concentration of the incubation.

82376-63-68
RLI RCT (Reactant), SPN (Synthetic preparation). PARE (**)

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and hydrogenolysis of)
82376-83-8 CAPLUS
L-Leucine, N-[N-[4-(1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthalenyl)-1-oxobutyl]L-a-qlutamyl]-L-a-qlutamyl]-, 1-methyl 5,5'-bis(phenylmethyl)
ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

82376-85-0P REIRCE (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (Preparation and reaction with vitamin K-dependent carboxylase) 82376-85-0 CAPUS
L-Leucine. N-[N-[N-[4-(1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthalenyl]-1-oxobutyl]-L-a-glutamyl]-L-a-glutamyl]-, l-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX

ANSWER 35 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 36 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) Adenosine, N-[3-{1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthalenyl)propyl}- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

87541-31-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant), SFN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation), RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reduction of)
87541-31-9 CAPLUS
Naphthalene, 2-(3-azidopropyl)-1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 36 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:576222 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:176222
Quinom derivs
TATEMIT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
CODEN: JDOCAF
LANGUAGE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Patent
Japanese
TAMBLY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 58083698 JP 01033114 PRIORITY APPIN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S): GI 19830519 19890711 JP 1981-182725 19811113 JP 1981-182725 19811113 CASREACT 99:176222

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The title compds. I (R = Ne, MeO, etc.) X = CH:CH, C.tplbond.C; m = 0-3; n = 1-20; p = 1-5; q = 0-3) were prepared by deprotection of the hydroquinone derivs. II (R1 = protecting group). Thus, 4.11 g Ce(IV) NH4 nitrate in MeCN was added to a mixture of 2.5 mH II (R = Ne0, R = Ne), n = 0, n = 1), 1.25 g 2,6-pyridinedicarboxylic scid oxide, 10 mL MeCN, and 5 mL H20 with ice cooling over 20 min and the resulting mixture stirred at the same temperature for 20 min to give I (R = MeO, m = q = 0, n = 1) (no yield n).

given).

In vivo and in vitro data for the antihypertensive, and antileukemia, and coronary vasodilating activities of I are given.

IT 87541-56-8P

IT 87541-77-39 RE: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PRRP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and oxidative demethylation of) 87541-77-3 CAPLUS

L4 ANSWER 37 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1983:575333 CAPLUS
99:175333
Synthesis and molecular-crystalline structure of
2-phenyl-3-[1-hydroxy-2-(N-methylanilino)ethyl]-1,4naphthoquinone
Hishney, A. F., Bleidelis, J., Larina, L., Lokmane,
E., Freimanis, J.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
1nst. Org. Sint., Riga, USSR
Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1983), 19(6), 1289-93
CODEN: ZORKAR: ISSN: 0514-7492
DOCUMENT TYPE:
JOURNAL ANGUAGE:
RUSSIAN

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(5): GI Russian CASREACT 99:175333

AB Reduction of naphthoquinone I (2 = CO) with NaBH4 in EtcH gave naphthalenedic1 derivative II, which was oxidized by bubbling air through the reaction

interactions. 87537-31-3P

87537-31-39
RL: RCT (Reactant), PREP (Preparation), RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(formation and oxidation of)
87537-31-3 CAPLUS
1,4-Naphthalenediol, 2-[1-hydroxy-2-(methylphenylamino)ethyl]-3-phenyl(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

LA ANSWER 38 OF 55
CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
1982:439370 CAPLUS
97:39370
ITILE: Synthesis of naphthoquinone tripeptide which inhibits vitamin K-dependent carboxylese
Lehrman, S. R.; Rich, D. H.; Goodnan, H. L.; Suttie, J. W.
20RPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Pharm., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53706, USA
Pept.: Synth., Struct., Funct., Proc. Am. Pept.
Symp., 7th (1981), 513-16. Editor(s): Rich, Daniel H.; Grossy Srhard.
COUMENT TYPE: ANGUAGE: English CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI

(CH₂) 3CO-Glu (OR) - Glu (OR) - Leu-OMe

(CH2) 3CO-Glu (OR2) -Glu (OR2) -Leu-OMe

Title tripeptide I (R = H) (II) was prepared from H-Glu(OCH2Ph)-Glu(OCH2Ph)-Leu-OHe.HCl (III) and naphthalenes IV or V. IV was condensed with III by DCC/1-hydroxybenzotriezole (HOBt) in CH2Cl2 containing Rt3N to give 304 I

CH2Ph), which underwent hydrogenolysis over Pd/C to give tripeptide VI (Rl = R2 = H), which was oxidized by air to give >98% II. A 2nd route involved condensing V with III by DCC/HOBt in CH2Cl2 containing Et3N to give 75% VI (Rl = Me, R2 = CH2Ph), which was dehenzylated by hydrogenolysis over Pd/C to give >98% VI (Rl = Me, R2 = H), which was demethylated by AgO/HNO3 to give 50% II. II and VI (Rl = H, Me; R2 = H) were assayed as sybstrates for the title enzyme; II was carboxylated to the same extent as a standard peptide, whereas IV (Rl = Me, R2 = H), was a poor substrate.

ANSWER 38 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 38 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
92376-83-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and hydrogenolysis of)
82376-83-6 CAPLUS
L-Leucine, N-(N-[N-[4-(1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthalenyl)-1-o-opbutyl}-L-a-qulumnyl]-1-a-qulumnyl]-1-a-putnyl]-1-a-gulumnyl]-

Absolute stereochemistry.

82376-84-9P 82376-85-0P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and oxidation and vitamin K dependent carboxylase substrate activity of)
82376-84-9 CAPLUS

L-Leucine, N-[N-[N-[4-(1,4-dihydroxy-3-methyl-2-naphthalenyl]-1-oxobutyl]-L-a-glutamyl]-L-a-glutamyl]-, l-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

92376-85-0 CAPLUS
L-Laucine, N-In-[4-(1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthalenyl)-1-oxobucyl]L-a-glutamyl]-L-a-glutamyl]-, 1-methyl ester (SCI) (CA INDEX

L4 ANSWER 39 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1980:446298 CAPLUS
Correction of: 1979;575112
S146299 Correction of: 1979;575112

TITLE:
Heterocyclic spiro-naphthalenones. Part III.
Synthesis and reactions of some spiro[naphthalene-1,2'-pyrolidin]-2-ones and spiro[naphthalene-2,2'-pyrrolidin]-1-ones
Berney, Daniel: Schuh, Karlheinz
CORFORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
JURIS COPPIN HCACAVY ISSN: 0018-019X
JOURNAL

Journal English CASREACT 93:46298 LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Spironaphthalenepyrrolidinones I (R = H, Rl = He, X = H2; R = Ph, Rl = CH2Ph, X = H2; R = Ph, Rl = He, X = 0) were obtained by treating II with N-bromosuccinimide. III similarly gave a mixture of cis- and trans-IV. NaBH4 reduction of cis-IV gave only the a-ol, whereas trans-IV gave a mixture of the a- and B-ols. The alcs. were reduced to tetrahydronaphthols, which rearranged on treatment with polyphosphoric acid to the benzofluorenopyrrole V. 71593-66-IP RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(Reactant or reagent)
(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and cyclization of, spironaphthalenepyrrolidinone from)
71593-84-1 CAPLUS
1-Naphthalenol, 2-[3-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

71593-47-0P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and reduction of)
71593-47-0 CAPLUS
2-Maphthalenepropanamide, 1-hydroxy-N-methyl-β-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 39 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

ANSWER 40 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1979:575112 CAPLUS
91:175112
Heterocyclic spiro-naphthalenones. Part III.
Synthesis and reactions of some spiro[naphthalene-1,2'-pyrrolidin]-2-ones and spiro[naphthalene-2,2'-pyrrolidin]-1-ones
Berney, Danlel: Schuh, Karlheinz
Vander Res. Inst., Bern, CH-3001, Switz.
Helvetica Chinica Acts (1979), 62(4), 1268-74
CODEN: HCACAV, ISSN: 0018-019X
JOURNAL
English

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Spironaphthalenepyrrolidinones I (R = H, R1 = Me, X = H2, R = Ph, R1 = CHZPh, X = H2, R = Ph, R1 = Me, X = O) were obtained by treating II with N-bromosuccinimide. III similarly gave a mixture of cis- and trans-IV. NaBM4 reduction of cis-IV gave only the e-ol, whereas trans-IV gave a mixture of the e- and P-ols. The ales, were reduced to tetrahydronaphthols, which rearranged on treatment with polyphosphoric acid to the benzofluorenopyrrole V. 71893-66-17. RET. RCT (Reactant): SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and cyclization of) 71593-68-1 CAPLUS
1-Naphthalenol, 2-[3-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

71593-47-OP
RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (Preparation and reduction of) 71593-47-O CAPUS 2-Maphthalenepropanamide, 1-hydroxy-N-methyl-β-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) IT

L4 ANSWER 41 OF 55

ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1979:161936 CAPLUS
99:161936
Quantitative structure-activity relationships in
1-aryi-2-(alkylamino) ethanol antimalarials
KLM, KL Hwan, Hansch, Corvin, Tykunaga, James Y.,
Steller, Edward E., Jow, Priscilla Y. C., Craig, Paul
N., Page, June
DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CAPLUS COPPRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
1979:161936
Quantitative structure-activity relationships in
1-aryi-2-(alkylamino) ethanol antimalarials
VALING HWAN FUNCTION FUNCTIONS, James Y.,
Steller, Edward E., Jow, Priscilla Y. C., Craig, Paul
N., Page, June
Dep. Chem., Pomona Coll., Claremont, CA, USA
Journal of Hedicinal Chemistry (1979), 22(4), 366-91
CODEN: JNCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

AB A quant. structure-activity relation (QSAR) was formulated for 646

arylcarbinol antimalarials (X-ArCHOMCHZMRIR2, having 60 different

structures including heterocycles) against Plasmodium berghei, using a

equation having 14 terms, 9 of which are indicator variables. The most
important determinate of activity was the electron-withdrawing ability of

X, whereas the hydrophobic nature of both X and R was less important. The

correlation coefficient and the standard deviation for the QSAR were 0.898

and

O.309, resp. An addn. number of compds. were investigated and the lack of activity of .apprx.100 analogs are discussed.

52878-74-2 69756-87-2 69757-07-9
69757-16-0 69757-18-2 69757-95-5
69760-05-1
RE: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)
(antimalerial, parameters for predicting activity of)
52978-74-2 CAPIUS
9-Phenanthrenemathanol, a-[(dibutylamino)methyl)-10-phenoxy- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

69756-87-2 CAPLUS 9-Phenanthrenemethanol, 2,7-dibromo- α -[(dibutylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

ANSVER 41 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued 69757-07-9 CAPLUS 9-Phenanthrenemethanol, 2,7-dichloro-a-[(dibutylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

69757-16-0 CAPLUS

9-Phenanthrenemethanol, 2,7-dibromo-α-{(diheptylamino)methyl}-10-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

69757-18-2 CAPLUS RN CN

9-Phenanthrenemethanol, 2,7-dichloro-a-[(diheptylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

69757-95-5 CAPLUS 9-Phenanthrenemethanol, $\alpha-[\{dibutylamino\}methyl]-10-methoxy-\{9CI\}(CA INDEX NAME)$ RN CN

L4 - ANSWER 42 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:563295 CAPLUS
BOCKNEWT NUMBER: 48:163295 CAPLUS
89:163295
Photochemical reactions of aromatic compounds. XXXII.
A Michael-type alkylation of the naphthalene ring utilizing regiospecific photocycloaddition
Pac, Chyongjin Hizuno, Kazuhiko: Okamoto, Hisanori, Sakurai, Hiroshi
Inst. Sci. Ind. Res., Osaka Univ., Suita, Japan Synthes; (1978), (8), 589-90
COEN: SYNTEF, ISSN: 0039-7881
Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

English CASREACT 89:163295

LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

CHR2CHR3R4 11

2-Alkylated naphthalenes I (R = H, Rl = H, Me; R = Et, Rl = H) and II (R2 = H, R3 = CO2Et, R4 = H, Me; R2 = Me, R3 = CN, R4 = H) were prepared by irradiation of benzene solns. of 1-cyano- or 1-(trimethylsiloxy)naphthalene and silyl enol ethers RCH:CRIOSiMe3 or acrylic acid derivs. R2CH:CR3R4, resp., followed by hydrolysis. 67858-29-IP
RL: SFN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of) 67858-29-1 CAPLUS

2-Naphthaleneacetamide, 1-methoxy-α-methyl-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 41 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

69760-06-1 CAPLUS

9-Phenanthrenemethanol, a-{ (diheptylamino) methyl}-10-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 43 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:563214 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:163214
TITLE: Potential antimalariels. 8. 10-Substituted

Potential shitmsiarisis. 8. 10-Substituted 9-phenanthrensmethanols Washburn, Lee C., Feerson, D. E. Dep. Chem., Vanderbit Univ., Nashville, TN, USA Journal of Hedicinel Chemistry (1974), 17(7), 676-82 CODEN: JAMARA ISSN: 0022-2623 AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1974), 17(7), 676-82 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Of Medicinal Chemistry (1974), 17(7), 676-82 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

AB Of a series of 14 title compdo. prepared and tested for antimalarial activity by the Rane Plasmodium berghei test in mice, 2,7-dibromo-9-(2-dibutylamino-1-hydroxysthyl)-10-methylphenanthrene-HCl (I) [52579-66-5] was most active, giving 475 cures at 80 mg/kg. I was prepared from 2,7-dibromo-9-methoxyphenanthrene [16430-42-5] by bromination in the 10 position, butyllithium exchange selectively at the 10 position, and treatment with DMF to give the aldehyde, which gave the desired product in a 2-step procedure via the epoxide. I at 40 mg/kg gave twice the survival as 6-bromo-9-(2-diheptylamino-1-hydroxysthyl)phenanthrene-HCl [23257-53-6] (May compound). Structure-activity relations and applications of the reactions to other syntheses were discussed.

IT 52979-86-39 52979-87-49 \$2979-67-69

BIL RAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study), unclassified), SFN (Synthetic preparation), TRU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study), PRPP (Preparation), USES (Uses)

(preparation and antimalarial activity of)

S979-56-3 CAPJUS

N 9-Phenanthrenemethanol, 2,7-dichloro-α-[(dibutylamino)methyll-10 methowy-, hydroxylawids.

9-Phenanthrenemethanol, 2,7-dichloro-α-[(dibutylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy-, bydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

52979-57-4 CAPLUS
9-Phenanthrenemethanol, 2,7-dichloro-α-[(diheptylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy-, hydrochloride (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 43 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

• HC1

52979-67-6 CAPLUS
9-Phenanthrensemethanol, 2,7-dibromo-m-[(diheptylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HC1

52979-81-4 CAPLUS 9-Phenanthrenemethanol, α -[(dibutylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

L4 ANSWER 44 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:403485 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:3485
Analgesic N-(1-adamantyl)-3-hydroxy-3-phenyl-propanamine derivatives
propanamine derivatives
Delmar Chemicals Ltd.
Brit., 21 pp.
CODEM: BRXXAA
PALENT
LANGUAGE: PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1974:1974
PATENT INFORMATION: 1

PATENT NO. A 19740227 APPLICATION NO.

GB 1971-10458
GB 1971-10458 DATE

PATENT NO. XIND DATE APLICATION NO. DATE

GB 1347871 A 19740227 GB 1971-10458 19710421

GB 1971-10458 A 19710421

GB 19710

■ HC1

ANSWER 43 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Contin 52979-86-9 CAPLUS 9-Phenanthrenemethanol, a-[(diheptylamino)methyl]-10-methoxy-, hydrochloride (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME) (Continued)

● HC1

54966-69-7 CAPLUS 9-Phenanthrenemethanol, α -[(dibutylamino)methyl]-10-phenoxy-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HC1

L4 ANSWER 45 OF 55

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:539660 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 7:119660
Synthesis of (heterocyclicamino) aminoalkylnaphthols and reduced tetrahydro derivatives for possible antimalarial activity
Nabih, I./ Nasr, H./ Badawi, M. A.
Natl. Res. Cent., Cairo, Egypt
Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (1972), 61(9), 1500-2
CODEN: JPHSAE, ISSN: 0022-3549
Journal Journal Of Pharmaceutical Sciences (1972), 51(9), 1500-2
CODEN: JPHSAE, ISSN: 0022-3549

COUENI JPHSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB 1-Maphthols I (R - NEt2, piperidino; R1 = NH2, NO2, 7-chloro-4quinolylamino, 6-chloro-2-methoxy-9-acridylamino) and the corresponding
tetrahydronaphthols II were prepared R.9., treatment of 4-nitro-1-naphthol
and EtZNH in absolute EtCH with 374 H2CO gave I (R = NEt2, R1 = NO2).

Reaction of II (CHZR = H, R1 = NHAe), with EtZNH and paraformaldehyde in
absolute EtCH gave II (R = NEt2, R1 = NHAe).

17 37796-63-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, with dichloroquinoline and dichloromethoxyacridine)

RN 37796-63-7 CAPLUS

CN 1-Maphthalenol, 4-amino-2-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 46 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:47149 CAPLUS
70:47149
FITLE: Synthesis of 2-methyl-3-vinyl-1,4-naphthoquinones
Bondinell, William E., DiMart, Samuel J., Frydman,
Benjamin; Matsumoto, Kent; Rapoport, Henry
Univ. of California, Berkeley, CA, USA
Journal of Organic Chemistry (1968), 33(12), 4351-62
CODEN: JOCEAN ISSN: 0022-3263
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
ABC Chlorobiumquinone (1a), previously isolated from Chlorobium
thicsulfatophilum and characterized as a 2-methyl-3-vinylmiltiprenyl-1,4-naphthoquinone, is unique among natural multiprenylquinones in being a
vinyl- rather than an allylquinone. Various approaches to the synthesis
of 2-methyl-3-vinyl-1,4-naphthoquinone (I) derivs, were studied, and two
general syntheses developed, both constructing the substituted vinyl side
chain via the Wittig reaction. A primary requirement for both methods was
a protecting protocol for the 1,4-O functions which would be inert to the
ylide yet would allow generation of the quinone without destruction of the
vinyl group. Such functionality was provided by the 1-pivalate ester-4-Me
ether. These groups do not react with the ylide, and removal of the ester
with LiAlH4 and oxidation of the 1-ydroxy-4-emtoxy compound with FeC13
gave
quinone while leaving the vinyl side chain intact. One synthesis

quinone while leaving the vinyl side chain intact. One synthesis proceeded via 3-chloromethyl-4-methoxy-2-methyl-1-naphthyl pivalate which was converted into its tri-phenylphosphonium salt and thence to vinyl derivative by generation of the naphthalenic ylide and reaction with a carbonyl component. The other synthesis utilized the 3-naphthaldehyde, prepared from the chloromethyl compound and K 2-propanenitronate, in tion

tion
with the appropriate ylide. To avoid isomers, some secondary ylides were
prepared by alkylation of primary ylides. The relative advantages and
disadvantages of both methods are considered. The separate, isomeric,
vinyl compds, were obtained, and cis and trans stereochem. assignments
made by relating their N.M.R. absorptions to those of unambiguous
synthetic models. Various vinyl substitution patterns can be easily
distinguished from the uv absorption of the resulting I derivs. 47
references.
17827-38-2P 17827-57-5P

IT

17827-38-2F 17827-37-5F
RE: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
17827-38-2 CAPLUS
2-Naphthaleneathylamine, 1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl-, hydrochloride (SCI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 47 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:103969 CAPLUS COULDENT NUMBER: 64:103969 CAPLUS COLUMBER: 64:19518h, 19519a-b

B-Adrenergic blocking medicaments Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd. 19 pp. Patent TITLE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Unavailable

SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

FR M3564 19651102 FR

FRORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 19620117

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB Compans. containing compds. of the general formula I have β-adrenergic blocking activity and are useful in the treatment of coronary arterial disorders. The compans. may be in the form of tablets and capsules containing

containing $^{5-500}$ mg. I. The preparation of compns. is described containing I (R and NR'R'

given): H. EtNH; H. PrNH; H. cyclohexylamino; Me, NH2; H. PhCH2CH2NH; H. BuNH; H. iso-PrNH; H. iso-Pr2N (II); H. piperidino; H. Me2N. To a stirred solution of 10 parts 2-bromoacetylnaphthalene in 10 parts Me0H was rapidly added 3 parts NaBHH at <25° and, after 30 min. at 20°, pouring into ice and extracting with Et2O gave crude 1-(2-naphthyl)-2-bromoethanol (III). Heating 6.3 parts III and 8 parts iso-Pr2NH in 16 brats EtOH under reflux 16 hrs. gave after evaporation, conversion to the hydrochloride, and chromatography of the base on Al2O3, II.HCl, m. 160-1' (MeOH-AcOEt).
6047-54-7, 2-Naphthalenemethanol, a-(1-aminoethyl)-1-methoxy-(preparation of)

(preparation o 6047-54-7 CAPLUS of)

2-Naphthalenemethanol, α-(1-aminoethyl)-1-methoxy- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 46 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

● HC1

17827-57-5 CAPLUS Ammonium, (2-(1,4-dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthyl)ethyl]trimethyl-, iodide (6C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 48 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966: 103967 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 64: 103967
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 64: 195186-h

TITLE:

N-(1-Naphthylmethyl) quanidine and acid addition salts thereof

Dvornik, Dusan American Home Products Corp. INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):

SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: 2 pp. Patent

Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE US 3248426 19660426 US 19620301 US 3248426 I9600426 US 19620301 The title compds. were prepared by converting the NH2 group in 1-naphthylmethylamine (I) to a guanidino group and treating the free compound with a halogen acid. Thus, an emulsion of 16.8 g. I and 23.4 S-methylisothiuronium iodide in 50 ml. H20 was stirred under reflux and 6.5 hrs., cooled, and filtered to give 20 g. iodide salt. The salt was dissolved in 100 ml. hot H20, the solution made strongly alkaline with the

oily base formed extracted with CHC13, the CHC13 extract dried (Na2SO4),

treated with dry HCl to give an oily chloride salt which crystallized spontaneously on addition of EtOAc to give N·[1-naphthylmethyl] quanidinium iodide [II] (R = Rl = H, X = I) [III], m. 197-200' [MeoN-EtOAc]. To a solution of 7 q. I, 80 ml. BuoH and 44.5 millimoles 1-quanyl-3,5-dimethylpyrazole nitrate was added, the mixture refluxed 2 hrs. under N and cooled, the crystalline product produced dissolved in MeOH and treated with

to give 8 g. nitrate salt (IV), m. $154-60^\circ$. IV was dissolved in MeOH, made strongly alkaline with NaOH, the separated oily base dissolved

and acidified with gaseous HCl, and the resultant solution evaporated to dryness

ess in vacuo. The residue was taken up in He2CO and the He2CO solution treated with Et2O to give III, m. 198° (He0H-EtOAC). Also prepared were the following II [R, Rl, X, and m.p. given): He, H. [I, 189-90° (Me0H-EtOAC), Me, H. Cl, 210-11° (Me2CO-Et2O), Bu, H. picrate, 127-8° (ino-PrOH-Et2O), He, He, I, 209-11° (HE2O). These compds. have hypotensive properties which are due to peripheral sympathetic blockade, they also have good intestinal absorption after oral administration, a property especially desirable in the treatment of chronic hypertension.

6047-54-7, 2-Nephthalenemethanol, a-(1-aminoethyl)-1-methoxy-(preparation off)

ΙT

(preparation of)
6047-54-7 CAPLUS
2-Naphthalenemethanol, α-(1-aminoethyl)-1-methoxy- (7CI, 8CI) (CA

L4 ANSWER 48 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS OD STN (Continued)

L4 ANSWER 50 OF 55
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
OF 1964:60720 CAPLUS
OF 10720 CAPLUS
OF 10720 CAPLUS
OF 10621f-g
Naphthols
Gac, Robert, Zeppieri, Louis
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
Unavailable
Visual Corp. 1000 ACS on STN
1964:60720 CAPLUS
061:60720 CAPLUS
061:6072 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. DATE DATE

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

FR 1344298 19631129 FR 19620830
GB 1038147

AB Tetralones and tetralols were heated at .apprx. their b.p. at 1-5
atmospheric in
the presence of a dehydrogenation catalyst such as Ni, Cu, Fe, Co, Cr, or
Pt on a CaO, MgO, CuO, SrO, or ZoO support to give the title compds.

(apparatus
pictured). Thus, 1 part CuO was mixed with 2 parts ZnO, cylindrical
pellets (3 + 3 mm.) were prepared from the mixture, and the pellets
reduced in H at 100-275 to give a catalyst containing metallic Cu.
The prepared catalyst (1000 g.) was placed in a reactor at 200°, 1700
g. tetralone preheated at 200°, and the tetralone passed over the
catalyst bed at 10 m./hr. 10 hrs. to give a product containing 22.1%
--naphthol and no tetrahydronaphthol.

IT 6047-864-7, 2-Naphthalenemethanol, ~-(1-aminoethyl)-1-methoxy(pharmaceutical containing)

CN 2-Naphthalenemethanol, a-(1-aminoethyl)-1-methoxy- (7CI, 8CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 49 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:82334 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:82334 CAPLUS
TITLE: 62:82334 CAPLUS
52:14592b,14593a-b
Structure of the product of pyrolysis from the reaction of \(\text{\$\ anhydride Sarel, Shalom, Breuer, Eli Hebrew Univ. School Pherm., Jerusalem Chemistry & Industry (London, United Kingdom) (1965), (11), 467 CODEN: CHINAG; ISSN: 0009-3068 CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: CODEN: CHINNAS ISSN: 0009-3068

CODEN: CHINNAS ISSN: 0009-3068

COLORIO CHINNAS ISSN: 0009-3068

CO DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE

L4 ANSWER 51 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:52602 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:52602
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:52602
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 2-Alkylamino-1-(2-naphthyl)ethanols
Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.
13 pp.
Patent
LANGUAGE: 13 pp.
Patent
Unaveilable ORIGINAL REFERENCE | IIILE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE BE 624532 19630507 BE
GB 1005024 GB
PRIORITY APPLM. INFO.: GB
19611108
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB 2-Naphthylglyoxal hydrate (I) is mixed with amines and hydrogenated to give II which can be used to treat coronary arterial disorders. A solv of 4 parts 2-C10H7COCH2Br in 30 parts Me250 is kept 48 hrs. at room tammerature BB

A solution

temperature
to give I, m. 110° (H2O). A mixture of 0.5 part PtO2 and 15 parts
EtOH is agitated at room temperature under H until H absorption stops, 15

iso-PrNH2 and 2 parts I are added, and the mixture is soitated at room

iso-PrNH2 and 2 parts I are added, and the mixture is agitated at room temperature
under H until H absorption stops to give 2-isopropylamino-1-(2naphthyl) ethanol, m. 105-6°. Similarly prepared are the following II
(R, m.p., and m.p. HCl salt given): sec-Bu, 2-3° (petr. ether),
--, iso-Bu, --, 196-8° (MeOHe2CO), Pr. 98-9°, 192-3°
(MeOH-HEOAC); tert-Bu, 129-30°, --, Et, 110-11°, --, Bu, 94,
--. Also prepared are 2-isopropylamino-1-(1-methoxy-2-naphthyl) ethanol, m.
140-2°, 1-(2-naphthyl)-2-isopropylaminol-Holmainoethanol-HCl, m.
177-8° (MeOH-ECOAC), and 1-methoxy-2-naphthylglyoxal hydrate, m.
110° (aqueous ECOH).

IT 93025-08-2, 2-Naphthelenemethanol, G((isopropylamino) methyl)-1-methoxy(preparation of)

RN 93025-08-2 CAPIUS
CA 2-Naphthalenemethanol, G-{(isopropylamino)methyl]-1-methoxy(7CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSVER 52 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:454730 CAPLUS

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 59:9946d-h,9947a-g

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 59:9946d-h,9947a-g

Synthesis of furano compounds. XXV. Unequivocal synthesis of furano compounds. XXV. Unequivocal synthesis of furano compounds. XXV. Unequivocal synthesis of several naphthofurans

AUTHOR(S): Synthesis of furano compounds. XXV. Unequivocal cynthesis of several naphthofurans

CORPORATE SOURCE: Synthesis of furano compounds. XXV. Unequivocal cynthesis of several naphthofurans

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Pathas, India

SOURCE: Ber. (1963), 96, 1167-76

JOCUMENT TYPE: Journal lable

OI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Dinaphthof(1',2':2,3:2'',1'':4,5] furan (a-dinaphthylene oxide) (I)

and dinaphtho [2',1':2,3:1'',2':4,5] furan (a-dinaphthylene oxide) (I)

and dinaphtho [2',1':2,3:2'',1'':4,5] furan (a-dinaphthylene oxide) (I)

and dinaphtho [2',1':2,2,1'':4,5] furan (a-dinaphthylene oxi

and acidified yielded VI, plates, m. 171-3° (EtOH). VI (1.0 g.), 8.0 cc. AcOH, and 8 cc. HBr refluxed 4-5 h. and poured onto crushed ice gave 1-hydroxy naphthalene-2-acetic acid lactone (VII), plates, m. 108-9° (EtOH). VII (1.0 g.), 5.0 g. BzZO, and 1.0 g. dry NaOBz heated 3 h. at 170-80° under CO2 and then 0.5 h. on the water bath with squeous KZCO3, the solution decanted, the residue again heated with

aqueous KZCO3, and the combined alkaline aqueous solns. acidified with HCl and

X2CO3, and the combined alkaline aqueous soins, acidited with H.I. and ered yielded 0.15 g. 3-benzoyl-6,7-benzocoumaran-2-one (VIII), light green needles, m. 136-8° (EtOH), yellow-green in concentrated H2SO4; the alkali-insol. residue recrystd. from AcOH yielded 0.5 g. enol benzoate of VIII. VIII (0.15 g.), 10 cc. AcOH, and 4.0 g. HBr refluxed 6 h. and poured into H2O yielded 2-phenyl-6,7-benzocoumarone (IX), m. 88-90° (EtOH). IX (4.0 g.), 2.0 g. HCONMe2, and 3.0 c. PCC13 heated 6-7 h on the water bath yielded 4.2 g. 3-CHO derivative (X) of IX, needles, m. 136-7° (EtOH or AcOH), 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone, red, m. above 300° (PHOO2). X reduced by the Wolff-Kishner procedure gave the 3-Me derivative of IX, needles, m. 118-19° (EtOH). X (4.2 g.), 3.0 g. hippuric acid, 1.5 g. NaOAc, and 10.0 cc. Ac2O heated 15-20 min. on the water bath and treated with EtOH yielded the acolactone, yellow needles, m. 219-20° (CGH6); a 4.0-g. portion and 80 cc. 10% aqueous alc. KOH refluxed 6-8 h. gave the brown, tacky 3-CH2COCOZH derivative (XI) of IX. Crude XI (1.0 g.) in 10.0 cc. AcOH refluxed 4-5 h. with 5.0 cc. HBr, and

ANSWER 52 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) cc. abs. MeON, treated with 1.0 g. BcCHZBr, refluxed 2 h., cooled, refrigerated overnight, filtered, and concd. yielded He ester (XXII) of 2-benzoyl-4,5-benzocoumarone-3-carboxylic acid (XXIII), m. 90°.

XXII sapond. with aq. alc. 10t NaOH, acidified, and extd. with Bt20 yielded XXIII and cooled 6 h., the CS2 decanted, the residue treated with 1.0 g. AlCl3, and cooled 6 h., the CS2 decanted, the residue treated with 11.0 g. AlCl3, and cooled 6 h., the CS2 decanted, the residue treated with 11.0 g. and the crude product chromatographed on Al203 yielded 1'', 4''-dioxo-1'', 4''-dioxydoinaphtho [2', 1': 2, 3: 2'', 3'': 4, 5] furan, m. 270-1' (C6H6). 6, 7-Isomer of XXI (0.8 g.) added to 1.0 g. Na in 10 cc. abs. MeON, treated with 0.7 g. BcCHZBP, refluxed 4 h., refrigerated, sapond. with aq. NaOH, and acidified yielded 2-benzyl-6, 7-benzocoumarone-3-carboxylic acid (XXIV), m. 182-5' (AcoH). XXIV in CS2 refluxed with SOCI2 and evapd., the residue in CS2 treated several hrs. with cooling with 0.5 g. AlCl3, the CS2 decanted, the residue decompd. with H2O, and the product chromatographed yielded 1', 4'-dioxo-1', 4'-diiyordoinaphtho[2', 3': 2, 3: 2'', 1'': 4, 5] furan, m. 225-8' (AcoH).

20208-75-6. 2-Naphthalemagociemida 1-methowy.

(ACOR): -92028-75-6, 2-Naphthaleneacetamide, 1-methoxy-(preparation of) 92028-75-6 CAPLUS 2-Naphthaleneacetamide, 1-methoxy- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 52 OF 55 CAPLUS COFYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) the resulting gummy mass mixed with CaO and distd, gave I, needles, m. 180-1* (chromatographed and recrystd, from CGH6-BLOH and CGH6); 2.4.7-trinitrofluorenone adduct, gray plates, m. 269-71* (AcCHH). 2-C10H7OCH2Bz (12.0 g.) in 250 cc. Cc. CGH6 refluxed 18 h. with 72.0 g. P205 yielded 1008 3-phenyl-4,5-bentocoumarone (XII), brown, green-fluorescing liq., bz 200°; orange-red picrate m. 105°. 2-C10H7OCH (31.6 g.) in 50 cc. dry CSZ treated with 28.0 g. BZCl and then with bhaking and cooling with 27.0 g. powd. AlCl3, kept overnight, and evapd., and the residue decompd. with iced H20. acidified with HCl, and blown with steam yielded 17.0 g. 1,2-BZC1OH6OH (XII), yellow plates, m. 135-7* (BLOH). XII (5.0 g.), 5.0 cc. BCHZCOZER, 12.0 g. XEO33 and 40.0 cc. dry Me2O refluxed 6-8 h. and worked up yielded 7.0 g. oily Rt ester of 1,2-BzC1OH6OCH2COZH (XIII) which refluxed 0.5 h. with 40 cc. 108 aq.—alc. NaOH, concd., and acidified gave 3.5 g. XIII, m. 174° (CGH6). XIII (3.5 g.), 28.0 cc. Ac2O, and 6.0 g. NaOH. crefluxed 0.5 h. poured into H2O, and extd. with HE2O yielded 2.1 g. viscous XIII orange-red picrate m. 105°. XII (2.9 g.) in 1.0 g. HCONNe2 treated dropwise with cooling with 1.4 cc. POCl3, heated 2 h. on the water bath, cooled, treated with aq. Na2CO3, and filtered yielded 1.7 g. 2-CHO deriv. (XIV) of XII, plates, m. 121-2° (EUGH); 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone, red needles, m. 281-2° (CGH6); a. 1.5-g. portion and 25 cc. 104 eq. KOH refluxed 10 h., cooled, filtered yielded 8.2 g. azolactone, yellow needles, m. 281-2° (CGH6); a. 1.5-g. portion and 25 cc. 104 eq. KOH refluxed 10 h., cooled, filtered, dild. with H2O, satd, with SO2, filtered from the EzOH, boiled with concd. HCl, and cooled gave the 2-CH2COCOZH deriv. (XV) of XII, leaflets, m. 214° with sintering at 190° (decompn.), dark red in concd. H2SO4. Crude XV (0.05 g.), 2.0 cc. AcOH, and 1 cc. 48 HBr refluxed 3 h. and poured into H2O gave the 4'-COZH deriv. (XVI) of XII, highly yellow needles, m. 236-7° (

L4 ANSYER 53 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:33186 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 58:133186
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:5597F-h, 5598a-b
NORICHAE STORM STR.
INVENTOR(S): 58:5597F-h, 5598a-b
Naphthalene derivatives
Stephenson, John S.
Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.
8 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LINGUAGE: Investible INTLE:
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
PATENT INFORMATION: Unavailable

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE GB 909357 US 3215732

GB 909357 19621031 GB 19600504
US 3215732 1965
For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
1, where R1 is H or Me, R2 a branched-chain Pr or Bu, and where the nucleus may, optionally, bear 1 or more halo substituents and (or) 1 or more alkyl or alkowy substituents of not more than 4 C atoms, and the nontoxic, acid-addition salts, could be synthesized. Thus, a solution of 2-naphtharyl bromide 10 in MeOH 180 was stirred and NaRM4 3 parts added quickly, below 25° the mixture stirred for 30 min., and then poured onto ice and extracted with EtO. The extract was washed with HZO, dried (Na2SO2), and evaporated to dryness, the residue dissolved in anhydrous 90

and refluxed with iso-PrNH2 20 parts 16 h. The solution was then

evaporated to
dryness in vacuo and the solid residue suspended in H2O 50, acidified with
HBr, and allowed to crystallize, and the product recrystd. from aqueous

HBr. and allowed to crystalize, and the product recrystd. from aqueous

to give [2-hydroxy-2-(2-naphthyl) ethyl]isopropylamineHBr, m. 177°.

The following ZHRR' [Z = 2-hydroxy-2(2-naphthyl)] [R, R', m.p. given) were also prepared: test-Bu, H, 124° (oxalate m. 249° (decomposition));

sec-Bu, H, -- [HCl sait m. 142-4°]; H, iso-Bu, -- [HCl sait m. 195-6°]; iso-Pr, H, -- (HCl sait m. 142-4°]; H, iso-Bu, -- [HCl sait m. 185-8°]. Also prepared were [2-(6-ethyl-2-naphthyl)-2-hydroxyethyllisoproylamine oxalate, m. 227-9°;
2-bromo-1-(6-ethyl-2-naphthyl)-1-hydroxyethane, m. 74-5°;
[2-hydroxy-2-(6-horono-2-naphthyl)-ethyl]isopropylamine-HBr, m. 193-5°; [2-(4-bromo-1-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-2-hydroxyethyllisopropylamine-HBr, m. 193-5°; [2-(4-bromo-1-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-1-hydroxyethyllisopropylamine, m. 145°;
2-bromo-1-(5-bromo-6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-1-hydroxyethane, m. 104-5°; [2-hydroxy-2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-1-hydroxyethane, m. 130-1°; 2-chloro-1- hydroxy-1-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-sthyllisopropylamine, m. 130-1°; 2-naphthylethylame oxide, m. 54-5°; 2-bromo-2-(2-naphthyl)-thyllisthyllisopropylamine, m. 100°; 2-naphthylethylame oxide, m. 54-5°; 2-hydroxy-2-(2-naphthyl)-thyllismine, m. 118°; N-[2-hydroxy-2-(2-naphthyl)-thyllimethyllisopropylamine-HCl, m. 170-2°; and 2-methylisopropylamine-methyll-1-methoxy-, 194094-13-0, 2-Naphthelenenenthanol, 4-bromo-a- (isopropylamine) methyll-1-methoxy-, hydrochloride (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

saeed

L4 ANSWER 53 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

14 ANSWER 54 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:475840 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 57:75840

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 57:15063a-c

TITLE: Dehydrobromination of dibromides of isomeric beneficterbydyrocomarins

AUTHOR(5): Shusherine, N. P. / Dmitrieva, N. D.: Levina, R. Ya. CORPORATE SOURCE: Shusherine, N. P. / Dmitrieva, N. D.: Levina, R. Ya. CORPORATE SOURCE: COURSE: Liniv., Moscow

Zhurnal Obshchei Xhimii (1962), 32, 213-16

DOCUMENT TYPE: Unavailable

AB cf. Ca 52, 6330es 54, 12127a; 57, 13716h. 7,8-Benzo-A9,10
tetrahydrocoumarin and Br in cold Et20 gave 9,10-dibromo-7,8benzohexahydrocoumarin, which heated until all Her evolution ceased gave a
distillate, bi3 210-15', which leached with aqueous NaOH left a
residue of 7,8-benzo-3,4-dihydrocoumarin, 22, m. 112-13', while the
alkaline solution after acidification gave 40%

7,8-benzo-3,4-dihydrocoumarin, m.

74-5', did not react with maleic anhydride, but gave the
corresponding piperidide, m. 161-2', and amide, m. 106-7',
after treatment with the bases in aqueous medium. Bromination of
5,6-benzo-3,4-dihydrocoumarin as above in CCl4 gave the
9,10-dibronide, m. 75-80', which heated in dry air gave mixed
products, bi3 220-5', which could not be separated satisfactorily.
However treatment with maleic anhydride gave 6t maleic anhydride adduct of
5,6-benzo-3,6-dihydrocoumarin, decomposed at 333-4' (with aqueous NaOH
this gave the tetrabasic acid, which with CHZNZ gave tetrahe ester, m.
205-6'). Treatment of the mixed products with piperidine gave
3-(2-hydroxy-1-naphthyl)propiopiperidide, m. 128-9'. Similarly was
prepared the amide, m. 170', indicating the original presence of
5,6-benzo-3,4-dihydrocoumarin in the dehydrobrominated mixture

18 2028-78-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthalenepropionamide, 1-hydroxy(preparation of)

L4 ANSWER 55 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1954:68114 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 48:68114
ONIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 48:12112n-i,12113a-i
TITLE: Synthesis of 3-methylisoquinolines
GOVINGEN: Fresidency Coll., Madras, India
SOURCE: CODEN: JOCEAH: ISSN: 0022-3263
DOCUMENT TYPE: JOURNAL JOURNAL FSN: 0022-3263 CODEN: JOCEAH, ISSN: 0022-3263

MENT TYPE: Journal
UAGB: Unavailable

2.5-(NeO)2C6H3CH2CH:CH2 heated with KOH in (CH2OH)2 at 170-5* gives

85% 2.5-dimethoxy-1-propenylbenzene (1), bill 3126*, n20D 1.556.
Adding (20 ain.) 10 cc. 4N H2SO4 to 1 g. I in 10 cc. ether and 21 g. NaNO2
in 8 cc. H2O gives 18 g. (from 20 runs) 2.5-dimethoxy-1-propenylbenzene
pseudonitrosite (II), m. 130* (decomposition). Adding 2 cc. Ac20 containing
1 drop concentrated H2SO4 to 7 g. II in 20 cc. Ac20 cooled with ice, and
r 2 DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE (S): pseudonitrosite (II), m. 130° (decomposition). Adding 2 cc. Ac20 containing 1 drop concentrated H2SO4 to 7 g. II in 20 cc. Ac20 cooled with ice, and after 2.

A. pouring it into H20 give 2,5-(MeO)2C6H3CH(OH)CH(NO2)Me (III), decomposing it into H20 give 2,5-(MeO)2C6H3CH(OH)CH(NO2)Me (III), on distillation Reducing 7 g. III in 100 cc. EtoH, 50 cc. AcOH, and 3 cc. concentrated HCl at a Hg cathods below 60°, neutralizing the solution with NaOAc, evaporating it in vacuo to dryness, dissolving the residue in 50 cc. H2O, and saturating it with NaHCO3 give 3.1 g.

2,5-(MeO)2C6H3CH(OH)CH(NHAC)He
(IV), m. 156°, which, acetylated with Ac20 and C5H5N, gives the O-Ac derivative m. 98-100°. Refluxing 1 g. IV in 10 cc. PhMe with 3 cc. POC13, 75 min., pouring the mixture into ice H2O, making it alkaline, extracting
with ether, and passing the residue of the ether extract in C6H6 through A12O3 give 0.65 g. 1,3-dimethoxy-5,8-dimethoxy-quinoline (IVA) pale yellow needles, m. 70° (HCl salt, deep yellow crystals, m. 234°) plorolonate, m. 230°). Heating 25 g. 2,5-(MeO)2C6H3CH0O, 20 g. EtcHO, and 15 g. fused EtCO2Na 48 h. at 140-50°, then heating the melt with 300 cc. 4N NaOH to bolling, washing with C6H6, and neutralizing the agueous solution give 20 g. 2,5-(MeO)2C6H3CHCMCXMH, m. 114°, which, reduced with Na-Hg, gives almost 1000 2,5-(MeO)2C6H3CHCMCXMH, m. 114°, which, reduced with Na-Hg, gives almost 1000 2,5-(MeO)2C6H3CHCMCXMH, b) 140°, whose HCl salt, m. 118°, and Ac derivative (V), m. 111°]. Cyclization of i g. V with PCC13 gives o.6 g. oily 1,3-dimethylb, b) 140°, whose HCl salt, m. 118°, and Ac derivative (V), m. 111°]. Cyclization of i g. V with PCC13 gives 0.6 g. oily 1,3-dimethylb, b) 140°, whose HCl salt, m. 118°, and Ac derivative (V), m. 111°]. Pricycliand (Hamilton) and the mashed (ether) acid solution alkaline give 0.4 g. IVA. Passing dry HCl into 13 g. 2,5-(MeO)2C6H3COE in 100 cc. ether and 9 g. BuNO2 and keeping the mixture overnight give 2 g. 2,5-(HeO)2C6H3COC(HNOX)He, m. 116°, and, from the mother liquor, 5.48 g. o ANSWER 55 OF 55 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
1,2-MeOCIOHECH(OH)CH(NHAC)Me (VIII), m. 115']. Cyclization of 1 g.
VIII and chromatog, purifn, give 0.35 g. 1,3-dimethyl-5methoxybenz[g]isoquinoline (IX), pale yellow crystals, m. 118'
(picrolonate, m. 228'). Treating 7 g. 5,2C1(MeO)CCH3CH(NO)CH(NO2)Me, with Ac20 and H2SO4 gives 7.5 g.
5,2-C1(MeO)CCH3CH(NO)CH(NO2)Me, m. 80'. Refluxing 1 g.
1,2-MeoClOHGCH(OH)CH(NHAC)Me in 40 cc. 18 HCl-MeOH 1 h., distg. off the
MeOH, treating the residue with NaOH, extg. with ether, and passing HCl
into the ext. give 0.6 g. of the free NH2 compd. as the HCl salt, m.
240', picrate, m. 228'. By means of these methods the
3,5,2-RR'(MeO)CCHZCHCCH:CH2 (X), 3,5,2-RR'(MeO)CCHZCH:CHME (XI),
3,5,2-RR'(MeO)CCHZCHCCHICH2 (X), 3,5,2-RR'(MeO)CCHZCH:CHME (XII),
3,5,2-RR'(MeO)CGHZCH(OH)CH(NHAC)Me (XIII), 1,3-dimethylisoquinolines (XIV),
their HCl salts (XV), and picrolonates (XVI), and the
3,5,2RR'(MeO)CGHZCH(OH)CH(NHAC)Me (XIII), 1,3-dimethylisoquinolines (XIV),
their HCl salts (XV), and picrolonates (XVI), and the
3,5,2RR'(MeO)CGHZCH(OH)CH(NHAC)Me (XIII), 1,3-dimethylisoquinolines (XIV),
this in the table, are prepal XVII, R = H, R' = MeO, m. 174''.
XVIII, XVIII, r R, R' B, B, P. ("C,mm., n30D, Yield, B, Bp.,
"C., Yield, B, M., p., "C., M, p., "C., Yield, B, M., p.,
"C., Yield, B, M., p., "C., M, p., "C., Yield, B, M., p.,
"C., Yield, B, M., p., "C., M, p., "C., Yield, B, M., p.,
"C., Yield, B, M., p., "C., M, p., "C., Yield, B, M., p.,
"C., Yield, B, M., p., "C., M, p., "C., Yield, B, M., p.,
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